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Iraq Index

Tracking Variables of Reconstruction & Security in Post-Saddam Iraq

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May 29, 2008

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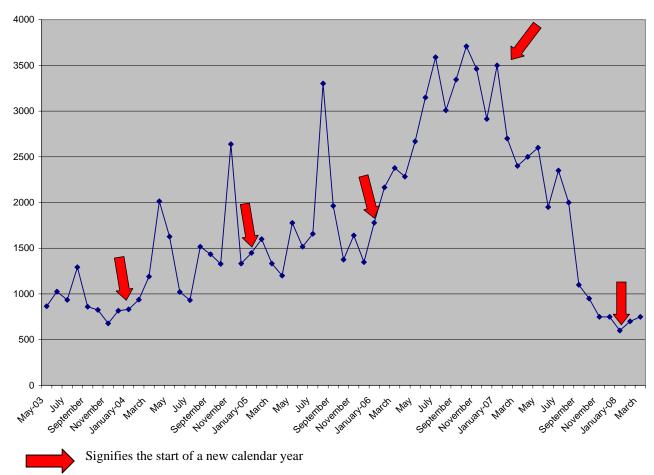
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TRACKING THE SURGE



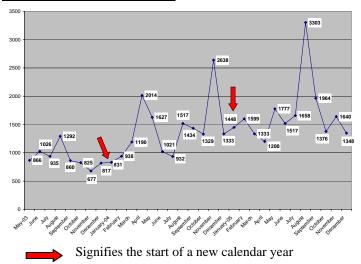
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IRAQI CIVILIAN FATALITIES BY MONTH, MAY 2003-PRESENT

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: See subset graphs on following page for exact monthly figures and explanations regarding sources and methodologies for various time periods.

NOTE ON OTHER CIVILIAN FATALITY ESTIMATE¹:

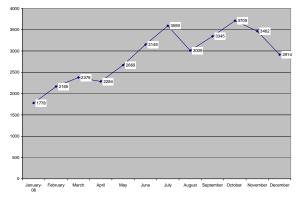
In its January 31, 2008 issue, *The New England Journal of Medicine* published a study carried out by the Iraq Family Health Survey Study Group in which they estimated the number of violent civilian deaths in Iraq from March 2003 through June 2006. Based on a survey of 1,086 household clusters throughout Iraq, they estimated that there were 151,000 such deaths during this period. Though monthly totals were not made available, the estimated number of deaths per day were broken into various time periods as follows: March 2003-April 2004, 128; May 2004-May 2005, 115; June 2005-June 2006, 126.

MAY 2003-DECEMBER 2005²

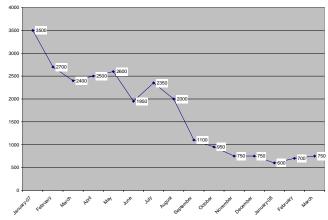


NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: In previous editions of the *Iraq Index*, attempts were made to distinguish between those civilian fatalities caused by acts of war and those caused by other violent means for this time period. These estimates have now been combined in order to provide a consistent comparison with subsequent years where it became evident that making such a distinction was not feasible. See endnote for more specific detail as to how these estimates were calculated.

JANUARY-DECEMBER 2006³



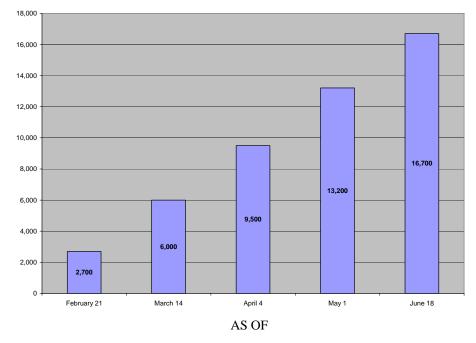
NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Our estimates from January-December 2006 are based upon the numbers published in the UN Assistance Mission for Iraq, "Human Rights Report: 1 May–30 June, 2006" and subsequent reports. This data combines the Iraq Ministry of Health's tally of deaths counted at hospitals with the Baghdad Medico-Legal Institute's tally of deaths counted at morgues.



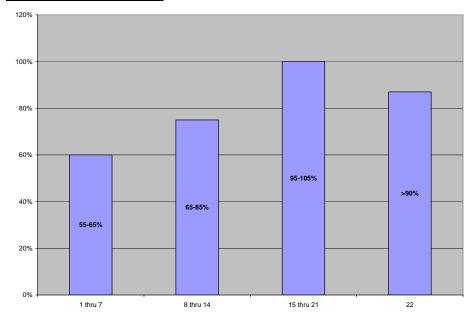
JANUARY 2007-PRESENT⁴

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures for January-August are approximations based on a graph presented by Gen. David Petraeus during Congressional testimony given on September 10-11, 2007 and reprinted in the U.S. Department of State's "Iraq Weekly Status Report" dated September 12, 2007. Updates for subsequent months have been provided by the U.S. Department of Defense.

NUMBER OF NEW U.S. TROOPS DEPLOYED TO BAGHDAD⁵



NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Lt. Col. Carl Ey, as of March 1, 2007, there were a total of 10,000 U.S. troops deployed in all of Iraq as a result of the troop increase announced by President Bush in January 2007. Figures from previous months suggest that this represents a net increase of troops, with the total number in theater going from approximately 130,000 in mid-February to 141,000 in early March 2007.



IRAQI TROOPS IN BAGHDAD: ACTUAL NUMBER REPORTED FOR DUTY AS A PERCENTAGE OF PROPER BATTALION STRENGTH⁶

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: These figures refer to all Iraqi battalions that have been deployed to Baghdad. According to Gen. William Caldwell, the added contribution of Iraqi forces to Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law) in Baghdad is 9 battalions, all of which were in theater as of March 8, 2007.

CURRENT DISPOSITION OF COMBAT FORCES IN IRAQ

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION BAGHDAD

1 st Brigade Combat Team (BCT), 1 st Cavalry Division	2 nd BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division
2 nd BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division	2 nd BCT, 82 nd Airborne Division
2 nd BCT, 1 st Infantry Division	4th BCT, 1st Infantry Division

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION CENTER

2 nd BCT, 3 rd Infantry Division (Iskandirya)	4 th BCT, 25 th Infantry Division (Iskandirya)
3 rd BCT, 3 rd Infantry Division (Besmiya)	31 st Infantry Brigade [Georgia] (Kut)
2 nd BCT, 10 th Mountain Division (Baghdad)	

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION NORTH

3 rd BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division (N. Diyala)	4 th Stryker BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division (Taji)
4 th BCT, 1 st Cavalry Division (Mosul)	3 rd BCT, 25 th Infantry Division (Kirkuk)
3 rd Stryker BCT, 2 nd Infantry Division (Baquba)	3 rd BCT, 82 nd Airborne Division (Tikrit)

MULTI-NATIONAL FORCE WEST / II MARINE EXPEDITIONARY FORCE (Forward)

1st BCT, 3rd Infantry Division (Ramadi)	Regimental Combat Team 6 (Falluja)
Regimental Combat Team 2 (Asad)	13 th Marine Expeditionary Unit

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION SOUTHEAST

1st Mechanized Brigade (Basra)

MULTI-NATIONAL DIVISION CENTRAL-SOUTH

Polish Battle Group (Diwaniyah)

AS OF: August 15, 2007

U.S./COALITION AND IRAQI SECURITY FORCES OPERATING IN BAGHDAD AND THE "BELTS" SURROUNDING BAGHDAD⁷

U.S./COALITION FORCES

Baghdad	6 Brigades (24 Battalions)
Baghdad Belts	6 Brigades (20 Battalions)
TOTAL FORCES	~50,000

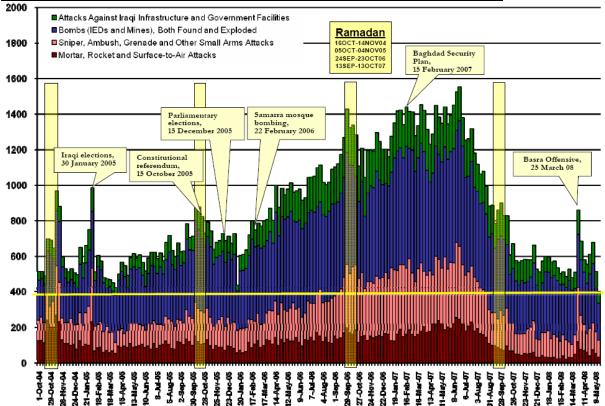
IRAQI SECURITY FORCES

TOTAL BRIGADES	22
DETAIL:	
Army Forces	35,000
National Police Forces	19,000
Local Police Forces	25,000+
TOTAL FORCES	79,000+

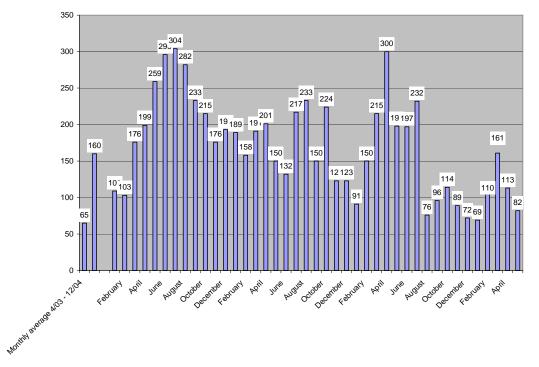
AS OF: MAY 31, 2007

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures reported by Gen. Ray Odierno during a press conference from Iraq. For Iraqi security forces, no distinction was made between those battalions operating within Baghdad and those operating in the surrounding "belts".

ENEMY-INITIATED ATTACKS AGAINST THE COALITION AND ITS PARTNERS⁸



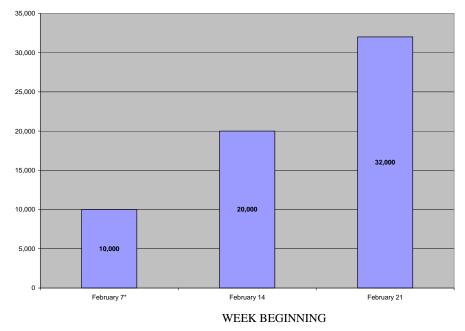
IRAQI MILITARY & POLICE KILLED MONTHLY²



Total June 2003 through May 28, 2008: 8,301

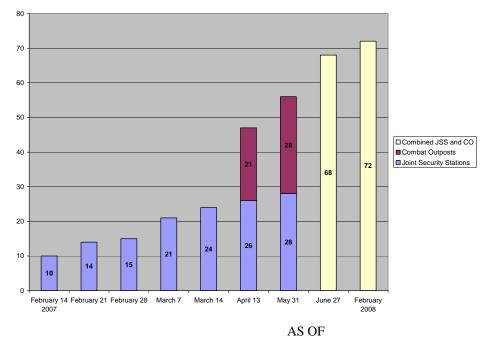
1,300 Iraqi military and police were killed between June 2003 and January 4, 2005 according to Iraqi Minister of Interior Falah Hasan Al-Naqib. "Iraqi Officers, Police Members Killed so Far Total 1,300," Kuwait News Agency (KUNA) January 4, 2005. Maj. Gen. Joseph Peterson, the top American police trainer in Iraq, noted through his spokesperson that 1,497 Iraqi police officers were killed and 3,256 wounded in 2005. Eric Schmitt, "2,000 More MPs Will Help Train the Iraqi Police," *New York Times*, January 16, 2006.

NUMBER OF PATROLS CARRIED OUT BY U.S. AND IRAQI FORCES (PER WEEK)¹⁰



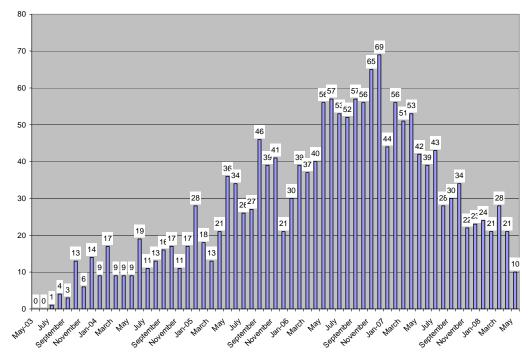
*This is the week before the start of Operation Fardh al-Qanoon (Enforcing the Law)

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: According to Rear Adm. Mark Fox, "more than half" of the 32,000 patrols conducted the week beginning February 21 were conducted exclusively by Iraqi Security Forces and all were conducted "in and around" Baghdad.

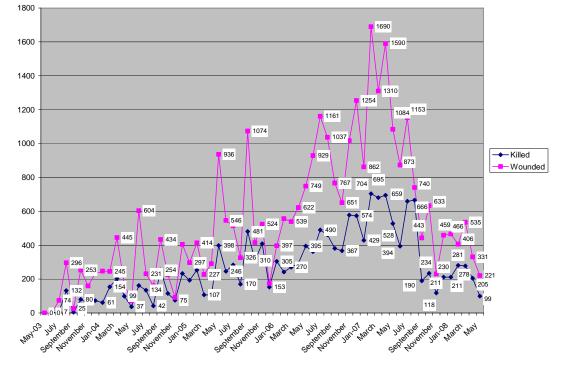


<u>NUMBER OF JOINT SECURITY STATIONS (JSS'S) AND COMBAT OUTPOSTS (CO'S) ESTABLISHED BY U.S.</u> <u>AND IRAQI FORCES IN BAGHDAD¹¹</u>

NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Joint Security Stations (JSS's) and Combat Outposts (CO's) are security checkpoints to be set up in key strategic areas throughout Baghdad and manned 24 hours per day by elements of both U.S. and Iraqi security forces. As reported in the *New York Times* on March 16, 2007, the differences between them are that JSS's are manned with more forces (between 120 and 150) and are seen to be permanent, perhaps to be transformed into Iraqi police stations. As Operation Fardh al-Qanoon has progressed, official press briefings have increasingly reported the combined total number of JSS's and CO's.



Total as of May 28, 2008: 1,728 (of which at least 632 (36.6%) were suicide bombings)

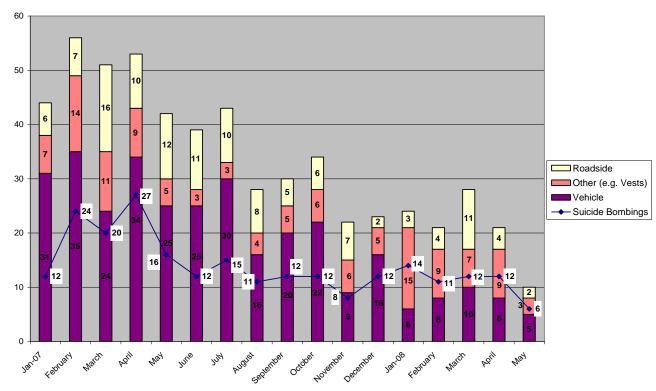


KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS¹³

<u>Total as of May 28, 2008:</u> Killed: 16,334 Wounded: 32,813 NOTE ON MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS AND KILLED AND WOUNDED IN MULTIPLE FATALITY

BOMBINGS TABLES: Included as data for these graphs are any bombings (including IEDs / roadside bombs) that caused at least three fatalities. The data on multiple fatality IED / roadside bombs are estimates and may have a margin of error of +/- one bomb and approximately five fatalities and five wounded.

MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS BY TYPE, SINCE JANUARY 2007¹⁴



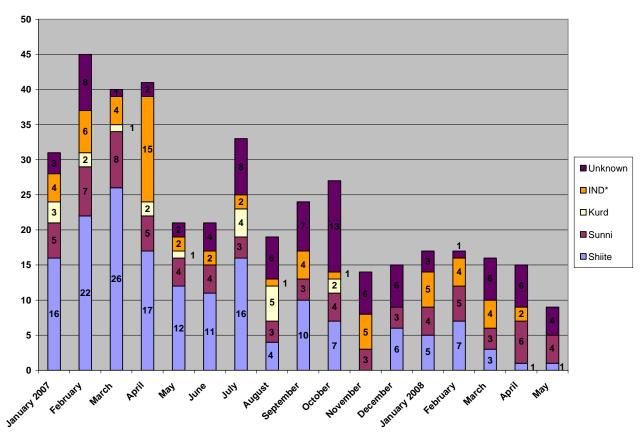
Total from January 1, 2007 to May 28, 2008 NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: The count of suicide bombings refers to the ratio of the total represented by the bar graph, and should not be double-counted. In most cases, "Other" refers to suicide vest bombs but can also refer to bombs that do not fit into the other two categories, such as those left in trash cans, under market stalls, etc. By definition, "Roadside" bombs cannot be carried out by a suicide attacker.

5111	Jan		<u>RY 2007</u> 1							•		_					
	07	Feb	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan 08	Feb	March	April	Мау
CIVILIANS																	
Shiite	285	459	493	413	180	180	326	61	70	40	0	68	32	113	75	3	9
Sunni	23	70	78	80	53	28	47	64	19	21	16	50	38	68	11	79	35
Kurd	28	11	30	24	22	0	134	411	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indiscriminate	33	46	26	107	54	23	32	6	34	6	24	0	88	83	111	45	0
Unknown	10	36	4	10	16	16	31	46	36	75	26	36	16	3	15	44	45
CIVILIAN SUBTOTAL	379	622	631	634	325	247	570	588	159	157	66	154	174	267	212	171	89
OFFICIALS																	
Iraqi Security	40	76	6	32	97	102	75	43	21	66	35	56	25	7	51	34	5
U.S./Coalition	10	10	34	28	32	28	5	17	10	0	7	1	12	7	15	0	5
Iraqi Government	0	0	0	0	74	17	0	8	0	8	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
OFFICIAL SUBTOTAL	50	86	40	60	203	147	80	68	31	74	52	57	37	14	66	34	10
TOTAL	429	708	671	694	528	394	650	656	190	231	118	211	211	281	278	205	99

DETAILED BREAKDOWN OF DEATHS ASSOCIATED WITH MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS IN IRAQ,

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Totals shown correlate directly with the reported deaths of the attacks illustrated in the above graph. This does not necessarily mean that each fatality was a member of that sectarian group, only that the bombing occurred in an area in which that group was in the majority. Although those multiple fatality bombings directly targeting U.S., Coalition and Iraqi security forces have been omitted, in few instances elements of these forces were included among those killed, although in each of the cases they were in the stark minority.

NUMBER OF MULTIPLE FATALITY BOMBINGS TARGETING CIVILIANS, BY SECTARIAN GROUP AND MONTH¹⁶



^{*}IND: Indiscriminate

<u>Total from January 1, 2007 to May 28, 2008</u> NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Iraqi civilians were the primary target for each multiple fatality bombing illustrated. Those classified as "Shiite", "Sunni" or "Kurd" were bombings that either directly targeted that sectarian group or occurred in an area reported to be predominantly composed of that sectarian group. "Indiscriminate" bombings took place in areas of a mixed sectarian population and those classified as "Unknown" did not have the sectarian grouping or exact location reported.

NUMBER OF NEWLY DISPLACED PEOPLE PER MONTH IN IRAQ, INTERNALLY AND ABROAD, JANUARY 2007. PRESENT¹⁷

2007 - PRESENT	DISPLACED
MONTH	PERSONS
January 2007	~90,000
February	~90,000
March	~90,000
April	~90,000
Мау	~80,000
June	~60,000
July	~60,000
August	~60,000
September	~50,000
October	~50,000
November	~40,000
December	~30,000
January 2008	~10,000
February	~10,000
March	~10,000

BROAD FIGURES

CURRENT NUMBER OF CLC's	
Officially Registered with the U.S. Military	91,641
Under Contract with U.S. Military (for approximately \$300/month)	~72,000
Currently Serving as Volunteers	~19,000
That are Shiite	~19,500 (21%)

AS OF: April 15, 2008

INTEGRATION INTO IRAQI SECURITY FORCES (ISF)

CURRENT NUMBER OF CLC's		
Integrated into the ISF	1,738	
Vetted by the Iraqi Government and Awaiting Assignment	2,000	
Somewhere in the Vetting Pipeline	8,000	
The Iraqi Government has Committed to Employing as Baghdad Police	12,000	
Currently transitioning to civilian programs	4,500	
Expressing Interest in Joining the ISF	18,000	

AS OF: April 15, 2008

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The majority of the estimated 25,000 volunteers that formed the Awakening Movement in Anbar province are NOT included in the above U.S. figures. The phrase "Concerned Local Citizens", coined by the U.S. military, refers to Iraqi civilians who have volunteered to ally with U.S. forces in providing security against insurgents and militias at the local level. Thus far the Iraqi central government has been reluctant to integrate CLC's into official security forces. As a result, the U.S. military is launching a new civilian job corps to transition some CLC's from security to civil projects. This will start in January 2008 with 500 CLC's from Baghdad. The U.S. military hopes to expand the initial program and transfer its funding and management to the Iraqi government by the end of 2008.

REGION20062007ALL OF IRAQ2,6626,956Baghdad Security District2131,071Northern Iraq5661,213Al Anbar9413,155

WEAPONS CACHES FOUND AND CLEARED IN IRAQ, BY YEAR¹⁹

PROGRESS OF POLITICAL BENCHMARKS AGREED UPON BETWEEN THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION AND THE IRAQI GOVERNMENT, AS WELL AS OTHER SIGNIFICANT POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²⁰

Political Benchmark	Current Status	Potential Hurdles
Oil Revenue Sharing	February 2007: Draft law passed in the Cabinet but not yet voted on in Parliament May 2007: During the week of May 21, officials from the Kurdish Regional Government will arrive in Baghdad to discuss differences with central- government authorities.	Iraq Federation of Oil Unions has come out against the draft, as has the Iraqi National slate, led by former PM Ilyad al-Allawi
Reversing de-Baathification	May 2007: Iraqi VP Tariq al-Hashemi announced that proposals for revising the law would be submitted to parliament during the week of May 21. November 2007: Increased participation in fostering security by Sunni groups commonly known as "Concerned Local Citizens" has resulted in some de facto accommodations January 2008: Iraqi Parliament passes a bill allowing for the reinstatement of low-level Baath Party members for certain government jobs. The legislation also allows for those former Baathists with high-level jobs to receive a pension.	November 2007: Members of parliament loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr vehemently objected to the latest proposed legislation approved by the Cabinet
New election laws	No progress thus far	
Schedule provincial elections	July 2007: PM Nouri al-Maliki stated publicly that provincial elections would be held by the end of calendar year 2007. February 2008: Parliament passed legislation outlining provincial powers that calls for elections by October 1, 2008. After originally being vetoed by the presidency council, it was approved March 2008.	
Disbanding militias	No political progress thus far, although Coalition and Iraqi security forces have engaged and detained militia members	
Plan of national reconciliation	February 2008: The Iraqi parliament passed an amnesty bill that will benefit thousands of mostly Sunni prisoners currently in Iraqi custody. This must now be approved by the presidency council.	
Amending the Constitution to address Sunni concerns	The parliament's constitutional reform committee voted on May 15, 2007, to submit a set of revisions to lawmakers the week of May 21. However, the controversial issues of the rights of provinces to form powerful regions (similar to that of the Kurds) and references to Iraq's Arab identity are yet to be debated.	

AS OF: March 19, 2008 The benchmarks listed above were taken from a letter from Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice to Senator Carl Levin sent in January 2007 as mentioned in *Newsweek*'s April 2, 2007 edition.

AUTHORS TOLITICAL BENCHWARK ASSESSMENT	
BENCHMARK	SCORE
2008 Budget	1.0
Pension Law	1.0
Reformed De-Ba'athification Legislation	0.5
Purging Extremists from Government	0.5
Sons of Iraq Employment Program	0.5
Amnesty Law	0.5
Distribution of Federal Funding to Provinces	0.5
Provincial Powers Act	0.5
Kirkuk Referendum/Resolution	0.0
Hydrocarbons Law	0.0
Provincial Election Legislation	0.0
TOTAL	5.0/11

AUTHORS' POLITICAL BENCHMARK ASSESSMENT

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Each category may receive a score of 0, 0.5 or 1 with the best possible score being 11. We accord a 1 for the pensions law, and for the 2008 budget. We then estimate half points for six categories: passing of the reformed de-Baathification law (which may or may not work out as well as intended in the actual implementation), purging extremists from the government (which is going fairly well but largely at U.S. insistence and cajoling), hiring Sons of Iraq into the security forces (again, going well, but there is some interest from the Shia-led government in limiting the number of Sons of Iraq who can join security forces as opposed to gaining other types of government jobs), passing of the amnesty law (again, the law is promising, but implementation is key), central government sharing of money with the provinces (far better than before, but still needing to progress further), and passing of the provincial powers act (recently passed, but also recently vetoed, leaving it in some limbo). We accord the Iraqis 0 for resolving Kirkuk, for creating a permanent hydrocarbons law, and for passing a provincial election law.

OTHER NOTEWORTHY POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS²¹

*April 15, 2007: Shiite cleric Moqtada al-Sadr withdrew his 6 ministers from the Iraqi cabinet. They represented the Ministries of Health, Transportation, Tourism & Antiquities, Agriculture, Civil Society and Provincial Affairs, respectively. There are 38 total cabinet posts in the current Iraqi government.

*June 22: The Iraqi Accordance Front, the largest Sunni bloc in the Iraqi parliament with 44 members, announced it was boycotting the 275-seat house to protest the ouster of Sunni speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani. They were joined by the smaller National Dialogue Front, which had 11 seats.

*June 29, 2007: The leading Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, withdrew its six ministers from the Iraqi Cabinet in protest to the dismissal of Sunni Speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani and because of criminal accusations made against Sunni Culture Minister Asad Kamal al-Hashimi. As a result, 13 of 38 Cabinet positions are now unfilled.

*July 17, 2007: The Shiite political bloc loyal to Moqtada al-Sadr announced that they were ending their month-long boycott of the Iraqi parliament and would return to work immediately.

*July 18, 2007: The largest Sunni coalition, the Accordance Front, ended its boycott of parliament following the reinstatement of ousted speaker Mahmoud al-Mashhadani.

*August 5, 2007: 5 secular cabinet members allied with former PM Iyad Allawi announced that they were boycotting cabinet meetings, though they would continue the day-to-day administration of their respective ministries.

*September 8, 2007: The National Dialogue Front, a secular Sunni bloc, announced that its 11 legislators were ending their boycott of parliament

EFFECTS OF OPERATION FARDH AL-QANOON ON IRAQI PROVINCES²²

PROVINCE	DEVELOPMENT
	 *Violent attacks in the Ramadi region have dropped from 25 per day in 2006 to 4 per day since the Surge (April 29, 2007) *L. Ma. 2006 there are 211 standard to the solar time to Ma. 2007 that for an area of the solar time to Ma. 2007 that for
Anbar	 *In May 2006, there were 811 attacks throughout the province. In May 2007, that figure was just over 400 (May 31, 2007) →In the city of Ramadi, there were 234 attacks in May 2006 compared to 30 in May 2007
	*Since the beginning of 2007, 12,000 Iraqis have volunteered for the security forces. In all of 2006, 1,000 volunteered (May 31, 2007)
	*There has been roughly a 30% increase in offensive actions and attacks in Diyala province (March 9, 2007)
	*In 2006, Diyala province was the eighth-deadliest province (of Iraq's 18) for U.S. troops (April 22, 2007)
Diyala	\rightarrow Thus far in 2007, it ranks as the third-deadliest province behind Baghdad and Anbar
	 * Over the past five months, attacks on U.S. and Iraqi troops have increased 70% (April 16, 2007) → It was reported on April 15, 2007, that almost a full brigade of between 2,000 and 3,000 soldiers is being sent to reinforce the territory between Baghdad and Baqubah, the provincial capital
Baghdad	*In all of 2006, 266 weapons caches were found within all security districts. Thus far in 2007, 441 have been found (May 31, 2007)

EFFECTS OF EXTERNAL ACTORS ON IRAQI SECURITY²³

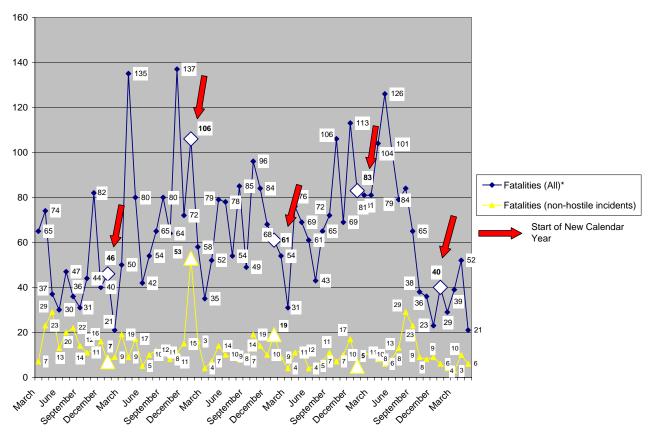
*April 11, 2007- During a press briefing from Baghdad, Major Marty Weber reported that between 40 and 60 foreign fighters per month are crossing into Iraq via the Syrian border. During that same briefing, General William Caldwell stated that there was evidence that Iran has been giving assistance to Sunni insurgent groups, though to a much lesser degree than to Shiite extremists.

NOTE ON THE METHODOLOGY OF THE IRAQ INDEX:

Although the footnotes to the Iraq Index document our sources in detail, it is worth noting here a few broad points. The majority of our information comes from the U.S. Government, though we must often analyze it and process it further to show trends over the full period since Saddam Hussein fell in 2003. Some information comes from foreign journalists on the ground and from nongovernmental organizations; a very modest amount to date comes from Iraqi sources. Most tables and charts are straightforward representations of data as we obtain it from the above primary sources, with only modest further analysis and processing required. However, a few graphics, such as those on crime and unemployment rates, require more methodological work (and more assumptions) on our part—and are as a result also perhaps somewhat less precise than most of the tables and charts.

SECURITY INDICATORS

U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003²⁴



Total from March 19, 2003 (start of major combat operations) through May 28, 2008:

Fatalities (all kinds): **4,085** Fatalities in hostile incidents: **3,330** Fatalities in non-hostile incidents: **755**

* In order to determine the monthly fatalities from hostile incidents, subtract the blue data point from the corresponding yellow data point.

NOTE ON U.S. TROOP FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003 TABLE:

The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops killed doesn't make entirely clear when in a 24 hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published 10 AM daily, there is the possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first and last day of each month. We have chosen to interpret the numbers in the casualty report as representing fatalities that occurred throughout the previous day. Total fatalities include seven civilians working for the Department of Defense.

CAUSE OF DEATH FOR US TROOPS²⁵

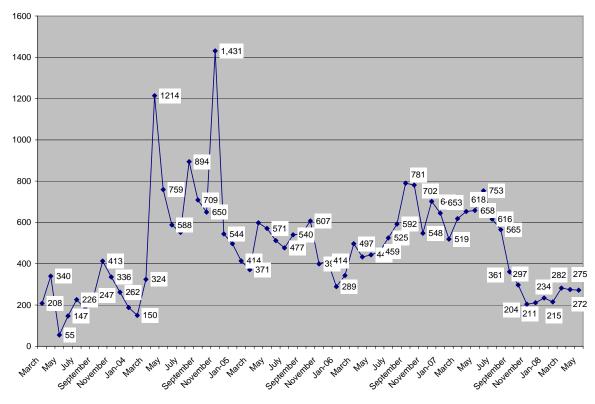
iviay	12 (03.270)	0(070)	0(0/0)	2 (10.370)	0 (0/0)	1 (3.370)	4 (21.170)	19
May	12 (63.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (10.5%)	0 (0%)	1 (5.3%)	4 (21.1%)	19
April	29 (55.8%)	0 (0%)	3 (5.8%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	8 (15.4%)	10 (19.2%)	52
February March	17 (58.6%) 26 (66.7%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 3 (7.7%)	1 (3.4%) 1 (2.6%)	0 (0%) 1 (2.6%)	7 (24.1%) 6 (15.4%)	4 (13.8%) 2 (5.1%)	29 39
January 08	23 (57.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	11 (27.5%)	5 (12.5%)	40
December	9 (39.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	5 (21.7%)	9 (39.1%)	23
November	26 (70.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	6 (16.2%)	5 (19.2%)	37
October	20 (52.6%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.4%)	9 (23.7%)	38
September	25 (38.5%)	1 (1.5%)	0 (0%)	3 (4.6%)	0 (0%)	13 (20.0%)	23 (35.4%)	65
August	32 (38.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (4.8%)	19 (22.6%)	20 (22.6%)	9 (10.7%)	84
June July	58 (57.4%) 44 (55.7%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 2 (2.5%)	4 (4.0%) 2 (2.5%)	0 (0%) 1 (1.3%)	31 (30.7%) 18 (22.8 %)	8 (7.9%) 12 (15.2%)	101 79
May	82 (65.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (1.6%)	36 (28.6%)	6 (4.8%)	126
April	60 (57.7 %)	0 (0%)	1 (1.0%)	1 (1.0%)	0(0%)	34 (32.7%)	8 (7.7%)	104
March	50 (61.7%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	19 (23.5%)	10 (12.3%)	81
February	25 (30.9%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	9 (11.1%)	33 (40.7%)	10 (12.3%)	81
January 07	35 (42.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	14 (16.9%)	27 (32.5%)	5 (6.0%)	83
December	68 (60.7%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	1 (0.9%)	5 (4.5%)	25 (22.3%)	12 (10.7%)	112
November	38 (54.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.9%)	22 (31.4%)	8 (11.4%)	70
October	52 (49.1%)	4 (3.6%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%)	1 (0.9%)	0 (0%)	46 (43.4%)	7 (6.6%)	106
August September	29 (44.6%) 29 (40.3%)	0 (0%) 4 (5.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	29 (44.6%) 26 (36.1%)	5 (7.7%) 11 (15.3%)	72
July	21 (48.8%)	3 (6.9%)	0 (0%)	1 (2.3%)	0 (0%) 2 (3.1%)	13 (30.2%)	5 (11.6%)	43 65
June	33 (54.1%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	23 (37.7%)	4 (6.6%)	61
May	36 (52.2%)	2 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (5.8%)	17 (24.6%)	10 (14.5%)	69
April	45 (59.2%)	1 (1.3%)	1 (1.3%)	1 (1.3%)	2 (2.6%)	15 (19.7%)	11 (14.5%)	76
March	12 (38.7%)	1 (3.2%)	3 (9.7%)	1 (3.2%)	0 (0%)	9 (29%)	5 (16.1%)	31
February	36 (65.5%)	2 (3.6%)	1 (1.8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (12.7%)	9 (16.4%)	55
January 06	24 (38.7%)	3 (4.8%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.6%)	13 (21%)	10 (16.1%)	11 (17.7%)	62
December	40 (47.8%) 42 (61.8%)	3 (4.4%)	2 (2.9%)	1 (1.5%)	2 (2.4%)	9 (13.2%)	9 (13.2%)	68
October November	57 (59.4%) 40 (47.6%)	2 (2.1%) 6 (7.1%)	7 (7.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 2 (2.4%)	11 (11.5%) 24 (28.6%)	19 (19.8%) 12 (14.3%)	96 84
September	37 (75.5%)	0 (0%)	2 (4.1%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	3 (6.1%)	7 (14.3%)	49
August	40 (47.1%)	7 (8.2%)	1 (1.2%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	27 (31.8%)	10 (11.8%)	85
July	36 (66.7%)	2 (3.7%)	3 (5.6%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.4%)	9 (16.7%)	54
June	36 (46.2%)	8 (10.3%)	2 (2.6%)	3 (3.8%)	2 (2.6%)	18 (23.1%)	9 (11.5%)	78
May	33 (41.2%)	10 (12.5%)	6 (7.5%)	2 (2.5%)	2 (2.5%)	14 (17.5%)	13 (16.3%)	80
April	20 (38.5%)	7 (13.5%)	5 (9.6%)	2 (3.8%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	6 (11.5%)	52
March	13 (37.1%)	7 (20%)	1 (2.9%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	10 (28.6%)	4 (11.4%)	35
February	25 (43.1%)	1 (1.7%)	1 (1.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	15 (25.9%)	16 (27.6%)	58
January 05	29 (27.1%)	3 (2.8%)	3 (2.8%)	8 (7.5%)	33 (30.8%)	11 (10.3%)	20 (18.7%)	107
December	14 (19.4%)	2 (2.8%)	1 (1.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (2.8%)	41 (56.9%)	12 (16.7%)	72
October November	12 (18.8%) 18 (13.1%)	19 (29.7%) 6 (4.4%)	2 (3.1%) 4 (2.9%)	4 (6.3%) 4 (2.9%)	2 (3.1%) 0 (0%)	19 (29.7%) 93 (67.9%)	6 (9.4%) 12 (8.8%)	64 137
September	15 (18.8%)	11(13.8%)	4 (5%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	37 (46.3%)	11 (13.8%)	80
August	16 (24.2%)	0 (0%)	2 (3%)	4 (6.1%)	2 (3%)	33 (50%)	9 (13.6%)	66
July	17 (31.5%)	2 (3.7%)	7 (13%)	2 (3.7%)	0 (0%)	16 (29.6%)	10 (18.5%)	54
June	12 (28.6%)	2 (4.8%)	7 (16.7%)	1 (2.4%)	0 (0%)	15 (35.7%)	5 (11.9%)	42
May	21 (26.3%)	2 (2.5%)	12 (15%)	2 (2.5%)	0 (0%)	25 (31.3%)	18 (22.5%)	80
April	22 (16.2%)	10 (7.4%)	7 (5.1%)	14 (10.3%)	2 (1.5%)	71 (52.9%)	9 (6.6%)	135
March	19 (36.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (7.7%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	12 (23.1%)	17 (32.7%)	52
February	9 (45%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	0 (0%)	2 (10%)	3 (15%)	4 (20%)	20
December January 04	18 (45%) 20 (42.6%)	1 (2.5%) 3 (6.4%)	2 (5%) 4 (8.5%)	0 (0%) 1 (2.1%)	0 (0%) 14 (29.8%)	4 (10%) 4 (8.5%)	15 (37.5%) 1 (2.1%)	40 47
November	20 (24.4%)	0 (0%)	1 (1.2%)	1 (1.2%)	39 (47.6%)	8 (9.8%)	13 (15.8%)	82
October	13 (29.5%)	0 (0%)	4 (9.1%)	2 (4.5%)	0 (0%)	14 (31.8%)	11 (25%)	44
September	6 (19.4%)	0 (0%)	2 (6.5%)	2 (6.5%)	1 (3.2%)	8 (25.8%)	12 (38.7%)	31
August	7 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	2 (5.7%)	0 (0%)	7 (20%)	19 (54.3%)	35
July	4 (8.3%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	9 (18.8%)	0 (0%)	15 (31.3%)	20 (41.7%)	48
June	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	4 (13.3%)	0 (0%)	14 (46.6%)	12 (40.0%)	30
May	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	7 (18.9%)	6 (16.2%)	24 (64.9%)	37
March 03 April	0 (0%)	0 (0%) 0 (0%)	0 (0%) 3 (4.1%)	0 (0%) 4 (5.4%)	8 (12.3%) 8 (10.8%)	50 (76.9%) 41 (55.4%)	7 (10.8%) 18(24.3%)	65 74
Marah 02	0 (00/)	0 (00/)	0 (00/)	0 (00/)	9 (12 20/)		7 (10.8%)	(5
	Device		Rockets	Grenades		Fire	Causes*	

NOTE ON CAUSE OF DEATH DETAIL TABLE: Through May 28, 2008: Helicopter losses include deaths caused by both non-hostile helicopter accidents and helicopters downed by hostile fire.²⁶ The "Non-Hostile Causes" data then does not include non-hostile helicopter losses.²⁷

AMERICAN MILITARY FATALITIES BY CATEGORY MARCH 19, 2003 - MAY 3, 200828

Category	Total fatalities as of May 3, 2008: 4,059
Gender	Male: 3,965
	Female: 94
Age	Younger than 22: 1,196
	22-24: 986
	25-30: 1,033
	31-35: 399
	Older than 35: 445
Component	Active: 3,308
-	Reserve: 297
	National Guard: 454
Military service	Army: 2,936
·	Marines: 982
	Navy: 94
	Air Force: 46
	Coast Guard: 1
Officers/Enlisted	Officer: 381
	E5-E9: 1,327
	E1-E4: 2,351
Race/Ethnicity	American Indian or Alaska Native: 41
	Asian: 75
	Black or African American: 385
	Hispanic or Latino: 435
	Multiple races, pending or unknown: 44
	Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander: 45
	White: 3,034

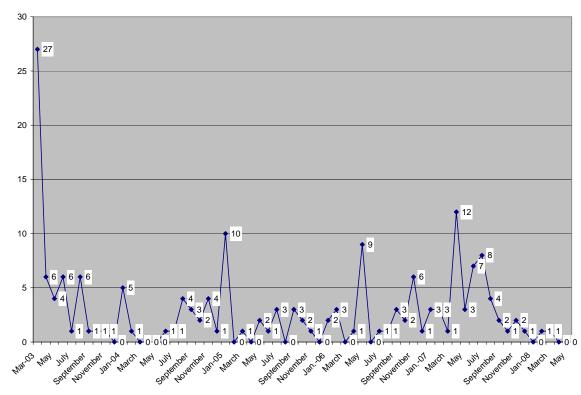
U.S. TROOPS WOUNDED IN ACTION SINCE MARCH 2003²⁹



Total from March 19, 2003 through May 28, 2008: 30,143

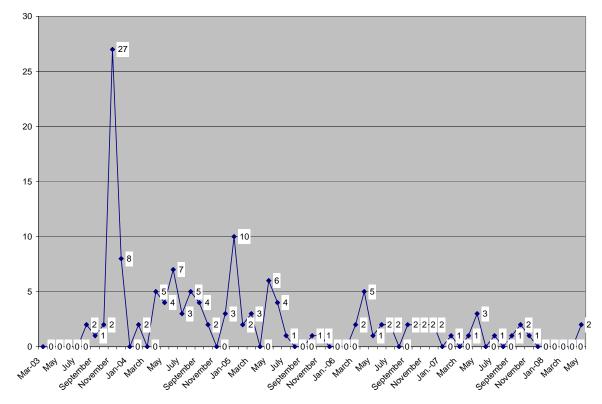
The daily Department of Defense casualty reports that we use for our monthly estimates on U.S troops wounded does not make it entirely clear when in a 24-hour period casualties were incurred. Since the reports are published at 10AM daily, there is possibility that our numbers for January 2005 and onwards are slightly off due to uncertainties about whether casualties occurred on the first or the last of each month.

BRITISH MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³⁰



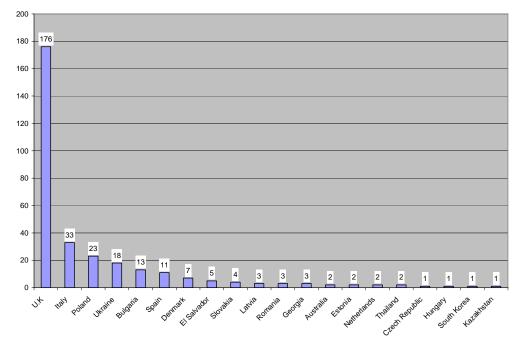
Total through May 28, 2008: 176

NON-U.S. & U.K. COALITION MILITARY FATALITIES SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³¹



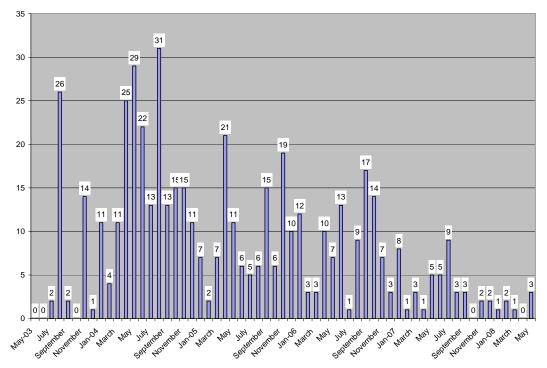
Total through May 28, 2008: 135

NON-U.S. COALITION TROOP FATALITIES BY COUNTRY SINCE MARCH 19, 2003³²



Total through May 28, 2008: 311

NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED SINCE MAY 2003³³



Total through May 28, 2008: 508

NOTE ON NON-IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED IN IRAQ: Total includes two contractors whose dates of death are unknown at this time and are thus not included on the above chart. This list is incomplete and does not include an additional 44 contractors that were killed up until December 31, 2004. Since we do not know during which month these deaths occurred they are not represented in the graph above.

As of March, 2005, there were more than 20,000 foreign (non-Iraqi) private military contractors in Iraq. 6,000 of these are in armed tactical roles. Peter W. Singer, "Outsourcing War," *Foreign Affairs,* March 2005.

JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁴

2003	14
2004	24
2005	23
2006	32
2007	32
2008	2
Total	127

NATIONALITIES OF JOURNALISTS KILLED IN IRAQ³⁵

Iraqi	105
European	12
American	2
Other Arab Countries	3
All Others	5
Total	127

CIRCUMSTANCES OF JOURNALIST DEATHS³⁶

Murder	83
Crossfire or other	44
acts of war	
Total	127

NOTE ON JOURNALIST DEATHS: A broader tally of journalist deaths that includes media workers such as drivers and interpreters, as well as non-hostile but war-related deaths, finds 168 total fatalities.³⁷

IRAQIS KIDNAPPED³⁸

January 2004	2 per day in Baghdad
December 2004	10 per day in Baghdad
December 2005	Up to 30 per day nationwide
March 2006	30-40 per day nationwide

NOTE ON IRAQIS KIDNAPPED TABLE: The numbers on this table may be lower than the actual number of kidnappings as the Iraqi Police suggests wide underreporting. Ellen Knickmeyer and Jonathon Finer, "In Iraq, 425 Foreigners Estimated Kidnapped Since 2003," *Washington Post*, December 25, 2005. The Iraqi Interior Ministry estimates that 5,000 Iraqis were kidnapped nationwide between December 2003 and April 2005 (Haifa Zangana, "Blair Made a Pledge to Iraqis Once," *The Guardian*, April 22, 2005). According to Assad Abboud, "Iraq's Forgotten Kidnap Victims Suffer in Silence," *Agence France Presse*, March 25, 2006, the average ransom price for a kidnapped Iraqi is \$30,000. The American Embassy in Baghdad estimated that 5-30 Iraqis are abducted each day, but also acknowledged the uncertainty of such a figure (Kirk Semple, "Kidnapped in Iraq: Victim's Tale of Clockwork Death and Ransom," *New York Times*, May 7, 2006).

IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS³⁹

2005	Average of 7 per week
January 2006	4 per week
August 2006	1 per week

NOTE ON IRAQI CIVILIANS KILLED BY US TROOPS: The military has recently announced that an average of one Iraqi civilian per day was killed in "escalation of force" incidents alone in 2005. Josh White, Charles Lane and Julie Tate, "Homicide Charges Rare in Iraq War; Few Troops Tried for Killing Civilians," *Washington Post*, August 28, 2006.

FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SINCE MAY 2003⁴⁰

FUNEIGN NATIONALS	KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ SI	
Month	Foreigners Kidnapped	Developments*
Date of capture unknown	14	3 killed
May 2003 – October 2003	0	
November	1	1 released
Dec. 2003 – March 2004	0	
April	43	3 killed, 30 released, 1 escaped
May	2	1 killed
June	3	2 killed, 1 escaped
July	26	3 killed, 13 released, 1 rescued, 1 escaped
August	30	15 killed, 15 released
September	31	4 killed, 4 released, 1 rescued
October	7	3 killed, 2 released
November	5	1 killed, 1 released
December	2	
January 2005	13	10 released
February	10	8 released
March	5	3 released
April	7	6 released
May	4	1 killed, 1 rescued
June	0	,
July	6	3 killed
August	24	2 killed, 21 released
September	3	1 killed, 6 released
	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
October		1 released
November	11	1 killed, 2 released
December	13	2 killed, 10 released
January 2006	5	2 released
February	12	6 released
March	0	1 killed, 1 released, 3 rescued
April	1	
May	2	4 released
June	5	6 killed
July	1	
August	0	1 released
September	0	
October	1	
November	5	1 escaped, 4 killed
December	4	i escapeu, i kineu
January 2007	3	1 killed
February	3	1 released
March	0	
April	0	
May	5	
June	0	
July	0	
August	0	
September	0	
October	0	
November	0	
December	0	
January 2008	0	
February	1	1 released
March	0	110100500
April	0	
May	0	
Total through		57 killed, 147 released, 4 escaped,
May 28, 2008	306	6 rescued, 89 unknown

 May 28, 2008
 306
 6 rescued, 89 unknown

 NOTE ON FOREIGN NATIONALS KIDNAPPED IN IRAQ TABLE:*Developments: This category shows activity in the status of hostages, but does not necessarily apply to hostages kidnapped during the same month. Please see footnote for more information.

IRAQI PRISON POPULATION⁴¹

ak prison population in 2003		,000				
June 2004	5,435					
July	-)	700				
~		foreign nationals)				
September		500				
		en, 65-70 are juveniles foreign nationals)				
Ostahar						
October November	<u>4,300</u> 8,300					
January 2005	7,837					
June		.783				
July		,000				
August		,000				
September		,000				
October		.000				
November		additional 12,000 held by Iraqi authorities				
December	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ Allied custody				
January 2006		US custody				
February		Allied custody				
March		/ Allied custody				
April		/ Allied custody				
May		/ Allied custody				
June	~14,500 in US custody, ~13,300 held by Iraqi authorities					
September	~13,000 in US custody					
October		US custody				
November	~ 13,000 in US custody					
December	~ 13,000 in US custody					
January 2007		US custody				
February		US custody				
March	~ 17,000 in US custody	~20,000 in Iraqi custody				
April	~ 18,000 in	US custody				
May		US custody				
June	~ 21,000 in	US custody				
July	~ 21,000 in	US custody				
August	~ 23,000 in US custody	~ 37,000 in Iraqi custody				
September	~ 25,000 in	US custody				
October	~ 26,000 in US custody					
November	~ 25,800 in US custody					
December	~ 26,000 in US custody ~ 24,000 in Iraqi custody					
January 2008	~ 25,000 in	US custody				
February	~ 24,000 in US custody					
March	~ 23,000 in	US custody				
April	~ 23,000 in US custody ~ 20,000 in Iraqi custody					
May	~ 22,000 in US custody	~ 27,000 in Iraqi custody				

NOTE ON IRAQI PRISON POPULATION TABLE:

JULY 2007: U.S. and Iraqi government officials report that an estimated 44,000 of 65,000 suspected Iraqi insurgents or sectarian killers detained in Iraq have been released since March 2003. Cited reasons include prison overcrowding, global politics and corruption in the Iraqi justice system. **JANUARY 2008:** According to U.S. military figures, a total of 8,952 prisoners were released in 2007. In addition, 785 prisoners have been released thus far in 2008 as of January 25.⁴²

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE INSURGENCY⁴³

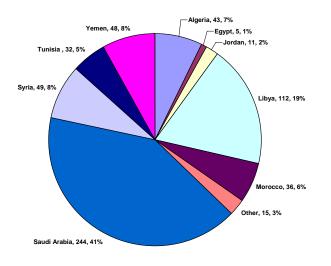
ESTIMATED NUMBER OF	FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN THE
January 2004	300-500
July	"Low hundreds"
September	"Fewer than 1,000"
November	"Fewer than 1,000"
January 2005	"Fewer than 1,000"
February	"Fewer than 1,000"
May	1,000
June	750-1,000
July	750-1,000
August	750-1,000
September	700 - 2,000
October	700 – 2,000
November	700 – 2,000
December	700 – 2,000
January 2006	700 – 2,000
February	700 - 2,000
March	700 - 2,000
April	800 - 2,000
May	800 - 2,000
June	800 - 2,000
July	800 - 2,000
August	800 - 2,000
September	800 - 2,000
October	800 - 2,000
November	800 - 2,000

NOTE ON ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS TABLE: "[Foreign fighters] are very few in number, although as far as we can tell, they constitute about 100 percent of the suicide bombers." DoD News Briefing with Col. Sean MacFarland, Commander of 1st Brigade Combat Team, 1st Armored Division, Stationed in Ramadi, July 14, 2006.

ESTIMATED NUMBER OF FOREIGNERS ILLEGALLY CROSSING INTO IRAQ TO SUPPORT THE INSURGENCY, 2007⁴⁴

JANUARY-MAY	80-90 per month
JUNE-AUGUST	40-60 per month
SEPTEMBER-APRIL 2008	40-50 per month

<u>SNAPSHOT OF NATIONALITIES OF FOREIGN MILITANTS IN IRAQ BASED ON SINJAR RAID, OCTOBER</u> 2007⁴⁵

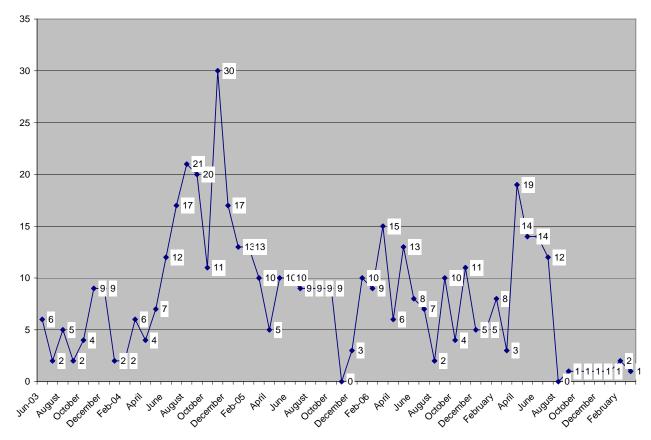


NOTE ON THIS GRAPH: Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. All are believed to be affiliated with Al-Qaeda and to have entered Iraq through Syria between August 2006 and August 2007. Based on these findings, U.S. officials estimate that 90% of the suicide bombings carried out in Iraq are done so by foreign nationals. This is up from previous estimates of 75%.⁴⁶

INTENDED WORK OF FOREIGN FIGHTERS WHOSE BIOGRAPHICAL DATA WAS OBTAINED IN THE SINJAR RAID, BY NATIONALITY⁴⁷

COUNTRY	SUICIDE BOMBERS	FIGHTERS	OTHER	TOTAL
Saudi Arabia	76	73	2	151
Libya	52	8	1	61
Morocco	22	2	0	24
Syria	21	10	1	32
Algeria	5	30	1	36
Yemen	18	21	0	39
Tunisia	10	14	0	24
TOTAL	204	158	5	367

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Figures obtained from a computer confiscated in a raid by coalition forces in October 2007 in Sinjar, Iraq, on the border with Syria. Of the nearly 700 records of foreign fighters found, 595 included the nation of origin. Of these, 367 also included the intended work of the insurgent.



ATTACKS ON IRAQI OIL AND GAS PIPELINES, INSTALLATIONS & PERSONNEL⁴⁸

Total through March 27, 2008: 469

COALITION TROOP STRENGTH IN IRAO SINCE MAY 2003⁴⁹

Image Image <thimage< th=""> Image <thi< th=""><th>Month</th><th></th><th>U.S. troops in Iraq</th><th></th><th>Other coalition troops in Iraq</th><th>Total international troop</th></thi<></thimage<>	Month		U.S. troops in Iraq		Other coalition troops in Iraq	Total international troop
May-03 -142,000 -8,000 150,000 23,000 173,000 July -126,000 -22,000 150,000 21,000 170,000 Augut -114,000 -25,000 132,000 22,000 161,000 Spernber -103,000 -25,000 132,000 23,000 155,000 October -102,000 -20,000 132,000 23,500 145,500 December -85,400 -36,610 122,000 24,600 145,600 January-04 N/A N/A 115,000 24,000 156,000 March N/A N/A 137,000 24,000 156,000 March N/A N/A 137,000 24,000 162,000 May N/A N/A 138,000 24,000 162,000 Januar 98,700 48,300 138,000 24,000 162,000 January N/A N/A 140,000 22,000 164,000 January-05 90,000 55,		Active		Total	(excluding U.S. & Iraqi forces)	strength in Iraq
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NOTE ON TABLE: All numbers are end of month estimates or latest data available for the current month. N/A= Not available.

Coalition Country	Military Personnel in Iraq	As of (date)
United Kingdom	4,000	March 20, 2008
South Korea	650	December 29, 2007
Italy	0	December 2, 2006
Poland	900	September 14, 2007
Australia	515	February 21, 2008
Georgia	2,000	July 9, 2007
Romania	600	February 22, 2007
Denmark	0	December 20, 2007
Total Coalition Troops	~9,907	May 21, 2008

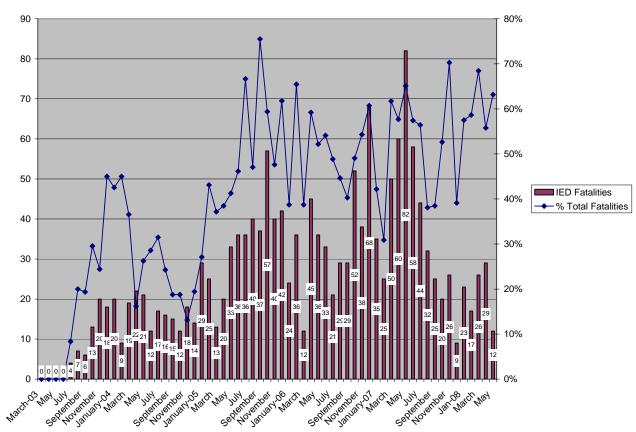
TOP NON-US COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ⁵⁰

NOTE ON TOP NON-U.S. COALITION CONTRIBUTORS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL IN IRAQ TABLE: *Number of Total Coalition Troops is from "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, May 21, 2008. In addition to the United States, 25 countries are contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations as of March 14, 2007: Albania, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Bosnia/Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Denmark, El Salvador, Estonia, Georgia, Japan, Kazakhstan, Latvia, Lithuania, Macedonia, Moldova, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, Singapore, Slovakia, South Korea, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom. Fiji is participating as part of the UN mission in Iraq and Hungary, Iceland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia and Turkey are NATO countries supporting Iraqi stability operations but are not part of MNF-I. "Iraq Weekly Status Report," *Department of State*, January 24, 2007.

	Number of Attacks per Day											
Province	Feb- June 05	Aug 05- Jan 06	Feb-May 06	May-Aug 06	Aug-Nov 06	Nov 06- Feb 07	Feb- Apr 07	May-July 07	July-Nov 07	Dec 07- Feb 08	Cumulative Average	% of Total
Baghdad	20.3	21	28.9	30.3	39.5	44.8	50.7	58	27.5	15.7	33.67	30.2%
Al Anbar	12.3	23.3	22	31.1	41.2	35.3	25.8	11.1	5.2	2.4	20.97	18.8%
Salah ad Din	8	13.8	13.7	15.5	20.3	22.8	26.2	28.4	17	8.8	17.45	15.6%
Diyala	3.1	5.4	8.3	14.5	15.7	16.8	21.8	25.2	13.4	5.2	12.94	11.6%
Ninawa	10.4	8.5	7.6	10.3	9.8	11.5	15	14.2	14.1	16.3	11.77	10.6%
AI Tamim	3.1	4.7	4.3	4.8	4.2	5	5.7	7	5.8	2.7	4.73	4.2%
Al Basrah	1.2	1.1	2	2.4	4.9	7.8	8	8.8	3.9	1.6	4.17	3.7%
Babil	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.9	2.8	2	3.5	3.7	2.1	0.7	2.12	1.9%
Maysan	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.6	1.4	0	0	0	0	0.1	0.4	0.4%
Al Qadisiyah	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.8	2	1	2	2.5	1	0.2	0.99	0.9%
Dhi Qar	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	1.5	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.4%
Wasit	0.2	0.2	0	0.4	1.8	1.2	0.6	2	0.4	0.3	0.71	0.6%
Karbala	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.5	0.2	0	0	0.1	0.1	0.26	0.2%
Al Muthanna	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.5	0	0	0	0.1	0.1	0.24	0.2%
An Najaf	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.16	0.1%
Arbil	0.1	0	0	0	1.2	0	0.2	0	0	0.1	0.16	0.1%
As Sulaymaniyah	0.1	0	0	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	0.1	0.14	0.1%
Dahuk	0.1	0	0	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	0	0.13	0.1%
TOTAL	61.8	81.1	89.9	113.4	152.9	148.9	159.8	161.6	91.0	54.7	111.51	

NUMBER OF DAILY INSURGENT ATTACKS IN IRAQ BY PROVINCE⁵¹

NOTE ON CHART: Exact dates of analysis for each column are as follows: February 12-June 24, 2005; August 29, 2005-January 20, 2006; February 11-May 12, 2006; May 20-August 4, 2006; August 12-November 10, 2006; November 11, 2006-February 9, 2007; February 13-May 4, 2007; May 5-July 20, 2007; July 21-November 10, 2007.



U.S. MILITARY FATALITIES CAUSED BY IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES⁵²

Total through May 28, 2008: 1,667 (40.8% of all fatalities)

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS CONCERNING IED'S⁵³:

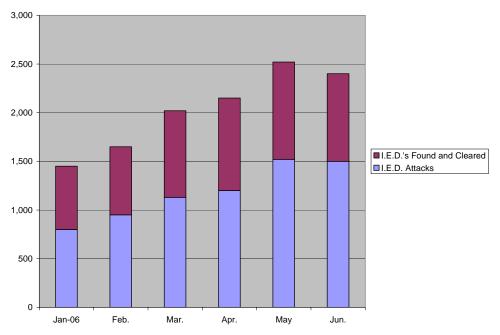
- *The Army reports that IED's are responsible for 80% of all soldier casualties (deaths and injuries)
- *Despite the enemy deploying twice as many IED's as a year ago, casualties have remained steady, with less then 10% causing casualties
- *This is because U.S. troops are now detecting and successfully disarming approximately 50% of IED's
- *The Pentagon is requesting an additional \$6.4 billion for its Joint Improvised Explosive Device Defeat Organization (JIEDDO)
- *Explosively Formed Projectiles (EFP's), the most lethal type of IED, make up only 2% of all IED's found in Iraq but account for a "very large percentage" of U.S. soldiers killed by IED's, according to Col. Barry Shoop, chief scientist for the JIEDDO

NUMBER OF EXPLOSIVELY FORMED PROJECTILE (EFP) ATTACKS AGAINST U.S. TROOPS BY MONTH⁵⁴

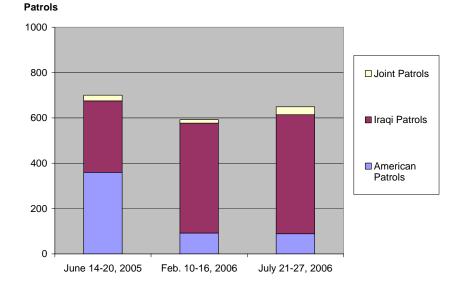
MONTH	NUMBER OF EFP ATTACKS
December 2006	62
April 2007	65
May	~60
July	99
August	78
September	52
October	53
November	< 40

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: EFP's are technologically advanced IED's capable of penetrating armored vehicles. U.S. officials have asserted that because of the sophistication needed to correctly produce them, EFP's are manufactured in Iran and smuggled into Iraq.

IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES (IED'S) DETONATED AND DISARMED JANUARY – JUNE 2006



NOTE ON IMPROVISED EXPLOSIVE DEVICES: "In June, there were 1,481 I.E.D. attacks throughout Iraq, and 903 instances in which the bombs were found and neutralized, according to figures compiled by the American military in Baghdad. That is a sharp increase since January, when there were 834 such attacks and 620 cases in which the bombs were found before they exploded." Michael Gordon, "A Platoon's Mission: Seeking and Destroying Explosives in Disguise," *The New York Times*, July 12, 2006. Numbers are author's approximations based on data published in the *New York Times*.



AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAILY PATROLS IN BAGHDAD⁵⁵

U.S. ARMY TROOPS DEPLOYED TO IRAQ AND EFFECT OF MULTIPLE DEPLOYMENTS ON INSTANCES OF POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER (PTSD) CASES WITHIN NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER RANKS⁵⁶

Total Number of U.S. Army Troops Deployed to Iraq		
Since 2003	513,000	
More than Once	197,000+	
Three or More Times	53,000	

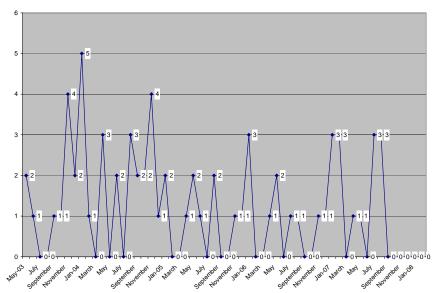
Percentage of Non-Commissioned Officers Suffering from Symptoms of PTSD After	
First Deployment 12%	
Second Deployment	18.5%
Third or Fourth Deployment 27%	

NOTE ON THESE TABLES: The study was based on 2,295 anonymous surveys and additional interviews from members of frontline units in combat brigades, and not those assigned primarily to safer operating bases.

U.S. TROOPS DEPLOYED TO IRAQ OR AFGHANISTAN DEEMED MEDICALLY UNFIT FOR COMBAT, 2003-2007⁵⁷

2003	10,854
2004	8,996
2005	5,397
2006	8,672
2007	9,140

AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ⁵⁸



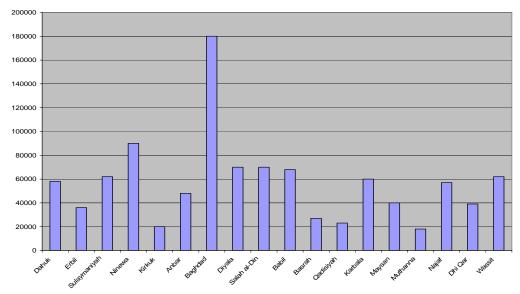
Total through May 28, 2008: 68

NOTE ON AMERICAN MILITARY HELICOPTERS DOWNED IN IRAQ TABLE: Of the 67 helicopters downed in Iraq since May 2003, at least 36 were downed by enemy fire. Of the three January 2006 crashes, two are still being investigated. One was shot down by enemy fire and is included above. We have counted one of the others as being downed by enemy fire as well, given the available evidence. Hostile fire is suspected in the July 2006 crash, but it has not been confirmed and therefore not counted as such. November 2006 crash is still under investigation.

TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS (IDP'S) BY REGION OF CURRENT RESIDENCE AS OF APRIL 2007⁵⁹

PROVINCE	IDP'S IN RESIDENCE
SULAYMANIYAH	332,736
ERBIL	223,716
DAHUK	184,400
KARBALA	164,550
BAGHDAD	143,202
MAYSAN	142,146
BASRAH	120,468
DIYALA	80,250
NINEWA	76,062
ANBAR	71,376
NAJAF	66,864
SALAH AL-DIN	65,196
BABIL	62,850
WASIT	61,398
DHI QAR	57,264
QADISIYAH	25,524
MUTHANNA	15,438
KIRKUK	13,944
TOTAL	1,907,384

GOVERNORATE OF ORIGIN FOR INDIVIDUALS DISPLACED FROM FEBRUARY 2006 TO JUNE 2007⁶⁰



INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS IN IRAQ⁶¹ Since April 2003

2003	400,000
2004	800,000
2005	1,200,000
2006	2,000,000
2007	2,740,000
2008	2,770,000

NOTE: Numbers are cumulative, but DO NOT include those displaced prior to March 2003 (approximately 1 million).

<u>MIGRATION INDICATORS</u>⁶²

September 2007	
Iraqi Refugees living abroad	2.2-2.4 million
Iraqi Refugees in Syria	1.4-1.5 million
Iraqi Refugees in Jordan	700,000 - 750,000
Iraqi Refugees in Egypt, Lebanon, Iran	175,000 - 200,000
Iraqi Refugees in the Gulf States	200,000

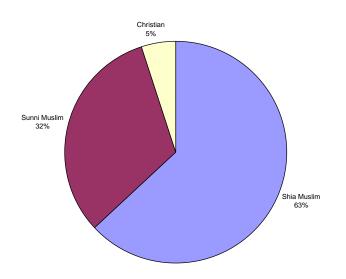
NOTE: Not all Iraqis refugees fled because of the current war.

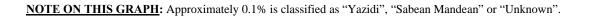
REFUGEES AND ASYLUM SEEKERS⁶³

2003-2004	366,000
2005	889,000
2006	1,800,000
2007	2,400,000

NOTE: Figures in the above table are cumulative.

RELIGION OF IDP'S DISPLACED BETWEEN FEBRUARY 2006 AND NOVEMBER 2007⁶⁴





COUNTRY	2006	JANUARY-JUNE 2007
SWEDEN	8,950	9,329
NETHERLANDS	2,765	562
GERMANY	2,065	817
GREECE	1,415	3,485
UNITED KINGDOM	1,305	665
NORWAY	1,000	485
SWITZERLAND	815	513
BELGIUM	695	372
DENMARK	505	459
AUSTRIA	380	188
FINLAND	225	106
IRELAND	215	141
SLOVAKIA	205	76
CANADA	190	129
AUSTRALIA	185	86
CYPRUS	130	90
UNITED STATES	535	385
FRANCE	115	69
TOTAL	21,695	17,957

SIZE OF IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY⁶⁶

Month	General Police Capabilities	National Guard	Iraqi Armed Forces	Border Patrol	Total Iraqi Security Forces
May 2003	7,000 – 9,000	N/A	0	N/A	7,000 – 9,000
June	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
July	30,000	N/A	0	N/A	30,000
August	34,000	670	0	2,500	37,170
September	37,000	2,500	0	4,700	44,200
October	55,000	4,700	700	6,400	66,800
November	68,800	12,700	900	12,400	94,800
December	71,600	15,200	400	12,900	99,600
January 2004	66,900 77,100	19,800 27,900	1,100 2,000	21,000 18,000	108,800 125,000
February March	75,000	33,560	3,005	23,426	125,000
April	80,016	23,123	2,367	18,747	134,991
May	90,803	24,873	3,939	16,097	135,712
June	83,789	36,229	7,116	18,183	145,317
July	31,300	36,229	7,700	19,859	95,088
August	32,942	37,925	6,288	14,313	91,468
September	40,152	36,496	7,747	14,313	98,708
October	44,728	41,261	6,861	18,148	110,998
November	49,455	43,445	6,013	14,593	113,506
December	53,571	40,115	14,500	14,267	118,009
January 2005	58,964	36,827	14,796	14,786	125,373
February	82,072	59,	689	N/A	141,761
	"trained and equipped"	"opera	tional"		Trained and Effective: General Myers: 40,000 Senator Biden: 4,000 – 18,000
March	84,327	67,584		N/A	151,618 Trained and Effective: Lt. Gen Petraeus: 50,000 "off- the-cuff"
April	86,982	72,511		N/A	159,493
May	91,256	76,971		N/A	168,227
June	92,883	75,	791	N/A	168,674
July	94,800	79,100		N/A	173,900 26,000 in Army in level I and II
August	101,000	81,	900	N/A	182,900
September	104,300	87,		N/A	192,100
-					~ 30,000 in Army in level I and II^{67}
October ⁶⁸	111,000	100.		N/A	211,000 ~32,000 in level I and II ⁶⁹
November	112,000		,000	N/A N/A	214,000
December	118,000		105,700		223,700
January 2006	120,400		,900	N/A	227,300
February	123,600	108,500		N/A	232,100 ~46,000 MOD forces and 8,000 MOI forces in Level I and II ⁷⁰
March	134,800	115,700		N/A	250,500
April	138,700	115,000		N/A	253,700
May	145,500	117.		N/A	265,600
June	148,500		,100	N/A	264,600
July	154,500	115		N/A	269,600
August	167,900		,100	N/A	298,000
September	176,200		,600	N/A	307,800
October November	180,800 188,300	131		N/A N/A	<u>312,400</u> 323,000
December	188,300	134		N/A N/A	323,000
January 2007	188,300	134		N/A N/A	323,000
February 2007	188,260		,920	N/A N/A	323,180
March	193,300		,500	N/A	329,800
April	193,300		,800	N/A	333,100
May	194,200		,500	N/A	348,700
June	194,200	154,500		N/A	353,100
July	194,200	158,900		N/A	353,100
August	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
September	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
October	194,200	165,500		N/A	359,700
November*	238,089	191,541		N/A	429,630
December	210,529	194,233		31,431	439,678
January 2008	212,630	194,233		31,431	441,779
February	200,132	197,254		27,959	425,345
March	213,902		,577	28,023	444,502
April	213,902	202,577		28,023	444,502
May	216,331	220		28,978	465,662

Note ON IRAQI SECURITY FORCES ON DUTY TABLE: *As of **November 2007**, figures on Iraqi Security Forces are provided by Iraq's Ministries of Defense and Interior and not Coalition figures. Due to this, the figures now reflect the number of authorized and assigned personnel as opposed to those successfully trained by Coalition forces. Care should be taken when evaluating the quality of MOI forces as there have been various reports of Iraqi police units dominated by sectarian interests.

INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM⁷¹

8.20
6.55
5.20
5.05
5.05
4.90
4.60
4.45
4.45
4.30
4.30
4.30
4.15
4.00
3.85
3.85
3.70
2.80
2.80
2.05

NOTE ON INDEX OF POLITICAL FREEDOM TABLE: Each country is scored on a 10-point scale, with 1 being the lowest score and 10 the highest. Indicators of freedom include election of head of government, election of parliament, fairness of electoral laws, right to organize political parties, power of elected representatives, presence of an opposition, transparency, minority participation, level of corruption, freedom of assembly, independence of the judiciary, press freedom, religious freedom, rule of law and property rights.

150	Ethiopia	63.0
151	Belarus	63.6
152	Pakistan	64.8
153	Equatorial Guinea	65.3
154	Syria	66.0
155	Libya	66.5
156	Sri Lanka	67.5
157	Iraq	67.8
158	Palestinian Territories	69.8
159	Somalia	71.5
160	Uzbekistan	74.9
161	Laos	75.0
162	Vietnam	79.3
163	China	89.0
164	Burma	93.8
165	Cuba	96.2
166	Iran	96.5
167	Turkmenistan	103.8
168	North Korea	108.8
169	Eritrea	114.8
NOTE ON IN	NDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TAB	LE: The Index rated 169 cou

INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM, 2007⁷²

NOTE ON INDEX OF PRESS FREEDOM TABLE: The Index rated 169 countries based on a questionnaire with 50 criteria for assessing the state of press freedom in each country. It includes every kind of violation directly affecting journalists (such as murders, imprisonment, physical attacks and threats) and news media (censorship, confiscation issues, searches and harassment). In addition to taking into account abuses attributable to the state, those carried out by armed militias, clandestine organizations or pressure groups are also considered.

The lower the score attained, the higher the degree of press freedom in that respective country. Although there is no specific information given regarding how the overall score was compiled, the top-rated countries (Finland, Iceland, Ireland and the Netherlands) received an overall score of 0.75, with the median (Cambodia and Liberia) receiving a score of 25.3. The overall average score for the Index was 31.5.

<u>(CPI)⁷³</u>		
YEAR	RANK	NUMBER OF COUNTRIES SURVEYED
2007	178	180
2006	160 (T)	163
2005	137 (T)	159
2004	129 (T)	146
2003	113 (T)	133

 IRAQ'S RANK IN TRANSPARENCY INTERNATIONAL'S ANNUAL CORRUPTION PERCEPTIONS INDEX

 (CPI)⁷³

 VFAR

 NUMBER OF COUNTRIES SURVEYED

(T): Indicates years Iraq's score tied with one or more other country.

NOTE ON THIS CHART: The CPI is a composite index that draws on 14 expert opinion surveys. It scores countries on a scale from zero to ten, with zero indicating high levels of perceived corruption and ten indicating low levels of perceived corruption. Due to a lack of reliable data, Iraq was not included in the CPI survey for the years 2001 and 2002.

 POLITICAL PARTIES IN IRAQ⁷⁴

 Registered for December 2005 elections
 Over 300

COUNCIL SEATS BY COALITION IN NEW IRAQI LEGISLATURE⁷⁵

As of January 2006				
Coalition	Total Seats	Designation	Parties	Leaders
United Iraqi Alliance	128	Shiite Religious	Includes SIIC,	Includes
_		Coalition	Dawa	Abdul Aziz Hakim,
				Ibrahim Jafari
Kurdistan Coalition	53	Kurdish Secular	Includes KDP, PUK	Includes
		Coalition		Jalal Talabani
Iraqi Accordance Front	44	Sunni Religious	Includes General	Includes
		Coalition	Conference of the People of	Adnan Dulaimi,
			Iraq, National Dialogue	Khalaf Elayan, Tariq
			Council, Iraqi Islamic	Hashimi
			Party	
National Iraqi List	25	Shiite / Sunni	Various	Ayad Allawi
		Secular Coalition		
Other	25	Other	Iraqi National Dialogue	
			Front (11), Islamic Union of	
			Kurdistan (5), Liberation	
			and Reconciliation Bloc (3),	
			Message Carriers (2),	
			Mithal Alousi List for the	
			Iraqi Nation (1), Iraqi	
			Turkoman Front (1), Yezidi	
			Movement for Progress and	
			Reform (1), Al Rafadeen	
			List (1)	

IRAQ NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT CURRENT MEMBERSHIP & STATUS OF CABINET⁷⁶

IKAŲ	NAL	IONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT	CURRENT MEMBERSHI	r & SIAIUS U	<u>F CABINE I</u> –
		NAME	TITLE/MINISTRY	SECTARIAN GROUP	POLITICAL AFFILIATION
		Nuri al-Maliki	Prime Minister	Shiite	Dawa
•		Barham Salih	Deputy Prime Minister	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
LEADERSHIP		Damam Saim		Nulu	Tawafig (Iragi Accordance Front);
SSI		Salam al-Zawbai	Deputy Prime Minister	Sunni	Party: Iraqi People's Conference
DEH		Jalal Talibani	President	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
IV	-		1 resident	Raia	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
LE		Tarig al-Hashemi	Vice President	Sunni	Party: Iragi Islamic Party
		Adel Abd al-Mahdi	Vice President	Shiite	SIIC
			Vice i resident	Grinto	
					Unaffiliated (left Tawafig in order to
	1	Ali Baban	Planning	Sunni	avoid August 1, 2007 boycott)
					Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
	2				Party: Gen. Council for the People o
	_	Asad Kamal al-Hashimi	Culture	Sunni	Iraq
Resigned	2	-			Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
August 1,	3	Abid Dhiyab al-Ujayli	Higher Education	Sunni	Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
2007 ¹	4		Minister of State for Women's		Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front);
	7	Fatin Abd al-Rahman	Affairs	Sunni	Party: Iraqi Islamic Party
	5	Definition of	Minister of State for Foreign	0	
	-	Rafi al-Issawi	Affairs	Sunni	Tawafiq (Iraqi Accordance Front)
	6	Abd al-Falah al-Sudani	Trade	Shiite	Dawa Party
	7	Khudayr al-Khuzai	Education	Shiite	Dawa Party
	8		Minister of State for National		
		Shirwan al-Waili	Security	Shiite	Dawa Party
	9	Husayn al-Shahristani	Oil	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	10	Salih al-Hasnawi	Health	Shiite	Independent
	11	Ali al-Bahadli	Agriculture	Shiite	Independent
Resigned	12	Liwa Sumaysim	Tourism & Antiquities	Shiite	Sadr
April 16,	13	Saad Tahir Abd Khalaf al-Hashimi	Provincial Affairs	Shiite	Sadr
2007²	14	Karim Mehdi Saleh	Transportation	Shiite	Sadr
	15	Adil al-Asadi	Civil Society	Shiite	Sadr
	16	EMPTY*	Justice	N/A	
	17	Mahmud Muhammad Jawad al-Radi	Labor & Social Affairs	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	18	Riyadh Gharib	Municipalities & Public Works	Shiite	SIIC
	19	Bayan Jabr	Finance & Banking	Shiite	SIIC
	20		Minister of State for National		
		Akram al-Hakim	Dialogue	Shiite	SIIC
Announced	21	Muhammad Tawfiq al-Allawi	Communications	Shiite	Iraq National List
Boycott of	22	Abd al-Qadir Muhammad Jasim	Defense	Sunni	Unaffiliated
Cabinet	23	Raid Fahmi Jahid	Science & Technology	Shiite	Iraqi Communist Party
Meetings	24	Wijdan Mikhail Salim	Human Rights	Christian Kurd	Iraqi National Accord
August 6, 2007 ³	25	Muhammad Abbas al-Uraybi	Minister of State Without Portfolio	Shiite	Iraq National List
	26	Jawad al-Bolani		Shiite	Unaffiliated
	26 27	Karim Wahid al-Hasan	Interior Electricity	Shiite	Unaffiliated
	27	Latif Rashid	Water Resources	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	28	Nermin Othman	Environment	Kurd	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan
	30	Bayan Dizayee	Housing & Construction	Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	31	Fawzi al-Hariri	Industry & Minerals	Christian Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	32	Hoshyar Mahmud Zebari	Foreign Affairs	Kurd	Kurdistan Democratic Party
	33	Abd al-Samad Sultan	Displacement & Migration	Shiite Kurd	Faili Kurd
		Jasim Muhammad Jafar	Youth & Sports	Shiite	Turkoman Islamic Union
	34		Minister of State Without		
			winnster of State without		
	34 35	Ali Muhammad Ahmad	Portfolio	Kurd	Kurdistan Islamic Union
	35		Portfolio Minister of State Without		Hizbollah Movement in Iraq (also
		Ali Muhammad Ahmad Hasan Radhi Kazim al-Sari	Portfolio Minister of State Without Portfolio	Kurd Shiite	
	35		Portfolio Minister of State Without		Hizbollah Movement in Iraq (also

AS OF: MAY 4, 2008

¹ Members of the Sunni Tawafiq (Accordance) Front submitted their resignation but PM Maliki did not endorse these until November 7, 2007.

 2 PM Maliki accepted the resignation of the Sadr loyalists but has not as of yet found acceptable nominations to fill the vacancies

³ These Ministers loyal to secular politician Iyad Allawi will boycott Cabinet meetings but continue daily administrative work

*Hahem al-Shibli of the National List resigned earlier this year. His post was filled as acting justice minister by Adil al-Asadi, minister of state for civil society. Asadi resigned with the rest of the Sadr bloc

ECONOMIC & QUALITY OF LIFE INDICATORS

				Fuel supplie			
	Millions of barro	els/day		Millions of liters	Tons/day	Overall fuel supplies	
Time	Crude oil production	Crude oil export	Diesel (Prod. & Imp.)	Kerosene (Prod. & Imp.)	Gasoline/Benzene (Prod. & Imp)	Liquid Petroleum Gas (Prod. & Imp.)	as percentage of goal during that
Estimated prewar level	2.5 (pre-war peak)	1.7-2.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	month (the goals have shifted)
May 2003	0.3	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10 %
June	0.675	0.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	23%
July	0.925	0.322 78	6.5	4.75	13.5	1,880	44%
August	1.445	0.646 ⁷⁹	10.25	6.2	14.0	2,530	57%
September	1.7225	0.983 ⁸⁰	14.25	6.9	17.3	3,030	70%
October	2.055	1.149 ⁸¹	14.75	9.6	16.35	3,700	78%
November	2.1	1.524 ⁸²	13.14	13.3	11.792	3,610	76%
December	2.30	1.541 ⁸³	12.29	9.4	12.9	3,460	72%
January 2004	2.440	1.537	13.91	11.3	13.32	3,445	78%
February	2.276	1.382 84	15.21	13.05	16.65	4,670	88%
March	2.435	1.825 ⁸⁵	15.03	17.28	17.19	5,010	92%
April	2.384	1.804 86	22.75	4.46	19.3	3,607	79%
May	1.887	1.38087	22.92	4.005	18.07	3,264	73%
June	2.295	1.148 88	16.47	4.9	22	3,086	75%
July	2.2	1.406 ⁸⁹	17.95	5.75	22.3	3,820	80%
August	2.112	1.11490	16	4.2	15.1	3,417	84%
September	2.514	1.703	16.35	6.35	14.6	2,707	72%
October	2.46	1.542	16.15	7.95	18.6	3,044	80%
November	1.95	1.320	16.5	7.7	17.9	3,324	77%
December	2.16	1.520	18.3	10.5	17.6	4,222	88%
January 2005 February	2.10 2.10	1.367 1.431	12.7 15.9	6.7 8.55	20.65 21.2	5,017 5,003	75% 84%
March	2.09	1.431	13.5	8.05	20.3	4,894	93%
April	2.14	1.398	18.3	7.6	23.7	5,219	97%
May	2.1	1.308	22.2	4.4	22.5	5,030	93%
June	2.17	1.377	18.9	6.25	18.3	5,137	97%
July	2.17	1.550	19.9	5.9	23.9	4,474	97%
August	2.16	1.504	19.3	5.2	23.8	5,072	96%
September ⁹¹ October	2.11 1.91	1.60 1.239	17.3 17.0	4.4 8.6	20.9 18.9	4,888 4,784	<u>87%</u> 90%
November	1.91	1.168	17.0	8.2	19.9	5,526	88%
December	1.98	1.071	16.1	8.0	17.5	5,046	81%
January 2006	1.73	1.05	14.0	6.3	18.1	3,716	72%
February	1.83	1.47	10.1	5.0	12.2	2,263	55%
March	2.1	1.32	12.0	5.7	14.9	2,798	65%
April	2.14	1.60	13.5	4.5	16.9	2,855	67%
May	2.13	1.51	15.2	4.8	17.4	3,577	82%
June July	2.30	1.67 1.68	15.7 11.0	4.3 2.78	16.1 13.3	3,217 1,719	<u>80%</u> 52%
August	2.22	1.68	12.4	4.47	16.5	3,242	71%
September	2.34	1.65	13.4	6.0	18.3	3,270	77%
October	2.26	1.55	10.8	4.7	15.4	3,102	57%
November	2.10	1.44	11.1	6.4	13.9	2,747	54%
December ⁹²	2.15	1.45	10.7	8.1	9.8	2,544	55%
January 2007	1.66	1.30	10.6	4.4	11.2	2,945	52%
February	2.08	1.50	11.3	5.7	13.0 12.1	3,101	<u>61%</u> 57%
March April	2.08	1.58 1.50	8.3 12.8	<u>4.2</u> 5.3	12.1	2,598 2,841	66%
May	2.03	1.50	9.2	3.5	12.1	2,041	56%
June	2.00	1.47	9.7	3.7	11.0	2,282	57%
July	2.07	1.71	11.0	2.6	11.2	2,650	57%
August	1.91	1.69	8.9	3.4	9.6	1,918	47%
September	2.30	1.90	13.4	8.3	15.2	3,472	75%
October	2.34	1.91	12.4	8.5	14.4	3,724	69%
November December	2.38	1.88	12.2	7.0	15.9	3,378	<u>67%</u>
January 2008	2.42 2.24	1.93 1.93	12.5 9.9	<u>6.4</u> 5.5	14.5 11.3	3,875 3,019	<u>68%</u> 56%
February 2008	2.24	1.93	9.9	6.8	13.5	3,865	66%
March	2.39	1.93	14.5	7.5	13.8	3,822	69%
April	2.40	1.88	13.6	6.8	13.8	3,481	66%
May	2.49	2.09	15.1	5.1	10.6	3,638	64%
Stated Interim	2.2	N/A	24.5	14.6	26.8	5,100	We assume that
Goal:	revised up from 2.1 in January 2008		revised up from 22.4 in August 2007	revised up from 13.4 in October 2007	revised up from 23.1 in October 2007	Revised down from 5,130 in May 2007	supplies for each category cannot exceed 100% of goal

NOTE ON FUEL TABLE: Above data as of May 25, 2008. The ratio of Iraq price to international price is 4.0 for LPG, 3.0 for regular and 6.9 for premium gasoline, 0.7 for kerosene and 1.5 for diesel.⁹³ Kerosene imports began 5 October, 2003. All previous months cover only production.

OIL REVENUE FROM EXPORTS⁹⁴

OIL REVENUE FROM	
Time	Oil revenue (\$ billions)
June 2003	0.2
July	0.36
August	0.44
September	0.73
October	0.89
November	1.21
December	1.26
January 2004	1.26
February	1.10
March	1.61
April	1.50
May	1.36
June	1.28
July	1.40
August	1.24
September	1.75
October	1.99
November	1.35
December	1.44
January 2005	1.49
February	1.34
March	1.99
April	1.83
May	1.57
June	2.03
July	2.47
August	2.63
September	2.74
October	1.90
November	1.67
December	1.60
January 2006	1.84
February	2.16
March	2.25
April	
	3.02
May	2.92
June	3.03
July	3.41
August	3.44
September	2.73
October	2.45
November	2.19
December	2.46
January 2007	1.89
February	2.11
March	2.75
April	2.75
May	3.05
June	2.87
July	3.39
	3.49
August	
September	3.79
October	4.44
November	3.47
December	4.27
January 2008	5.21
February	4.94
March	5.94
April	5.77
May	5.39
Total as of	
May 25, 2008	\$142.7

ELECTRICITY⁹⁵

		f electricity generated (awatts)	Average hours o	Average of mega watt hours	
Time	Nation-wide	Baghdad	Nationwide	Baghdad	(MWH)
Estimated	3,958	2,500	4-8	16-24	95,000
prewar level	-)	,	_	-	,
May 2003	500	300	4-8	4-8	N/A
June	3,193	707	N/A	N/A	N/A
July	3,236	1,082	N/A	N/A	N/A
	3,263	1,082	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	72,435
August					
September	3,543	1,229	N/A	N/A	75,000
October	3,948	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
November	3,582	N/A	N/A	N/A	70,000
December	3,427	N/A	N/A	N/A	72,000
January 2004	3,758	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,000
February	4,125	1,307	13	13.4	90,000
March	4,040	1,192	16	16.4	86,000
April	3,823	1,021	15	14.8	78,000
May	3,902	1,021	11	12.2	80,000
i i	,	,			/
June	4,293	1,198	10	11	93,500
July	4,584	N/A	10	12	100,300
August	4,707	1,440	13	15	109,900
September	4,467	1,485	13	14	107,200
October	4,074	1,280	13	16	99,306
November	3,199	845	13	N/A	76,550
December	3,380	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	81,114
January 2005	3,289	985	9	9.0	78,925
			8.5		
February	3,611	1,180		10.3	86,675
March	3,627	994	11.8	11.0	87,051
April	3,390	854	9	11.5	81,350
May	3,712	N/A	8.4	9.5	89,088
June	4,153	N/A	9.4	10.4	102,525
July	4,446	N/A	12.6	10.9	106,713
August	4,049	N/A	12.0	8.4	97,165
September	4,159	N/A	13.5	10.4	101,916
October	3,685	N/A N/A	14.3	8.9	88,442
November*	3,742	N/A	13.3	8.8	89,800
December**	3,800	N/A	12.0	6.1	91,400
January 2006	3,640	N/A	9.8	4.0	87,400
February	3,700	N/A	10.3	5.9	88,600
March	4,000	N/A	13.1	7.8	96,300
April	3,700	N/A	10.9	4.5	88,500
May	3,900	N/A	9.9	3.9	92,700
June	4,400	N/A	11.9	8.0	106,100
July	4,400	N/A	11.4	7.0	106,700
August	4,430	N/A N/A	10.9	6.2	106,400
September	4,000	N/A N/A	10.9	5.3	95,600
	,		12.3	6.7	95,600
October November	4,000	N/A N/A			
November	3,700	N/A	10.9	6.9	88,000
December	3,500	N/A	9.2	6.7	85,968
January 2007	3,590	N/A	8.0	4.4	86,100
February	3,600	N/A	9.3	6.0	86,500
March	3,600	N/A	10.9	6.0	86,400
	3,830	N/A	11.7	5.8	91,930
April					
May	3,720	N/A	10.1	5.6	89,245
June	4,200	N/A	10.6	5.9	100,728
July	4,220	N/A	10.4	5.9	101,270
August	4,380	N/A	10.2	6.3	105,050
September	4,860	N/A	11.8	7.4	116,560
October	4,725	N/A	12.9	9.0	113,390
000001	4,140	N/A N/A	12.3	9.0	99,400
November	4,140	N/A N/A	11.6	8.9	102,415
November	4,270	N/A N/A			
December	4.030	N/A	8.7	7.0	96,660
December January 2008	4,030		o =		
December January 2008 February	3,950	N/A	9.7	7.5	94,750
December January 2008 February March	3,950 4,220	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	101,270
December January 2008 February March April	3,950 4,220 4,030	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	101,270 96,680
December January 2008 February March	3,950 4,220	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	101,270
December January 2008 February March April May	3,950 4,220 4,030 4,110	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A 9.9	N/A N/A 7.3	101,270 96,680 98,650
December January 2008 February March April May	3,950 4,220 4,030 4,110 6,000	N/A N/A N/A N/A 2,500	N/A N/A 9.9 US Interim Target:	N/A N/A 7.3 US Interim Target: 10-	101,270 96,680
December January 2008 February March April	3,950 4,220 4,030 4,110	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A 9.9	N/A N/A 7.3	101,270 96,680 98,650

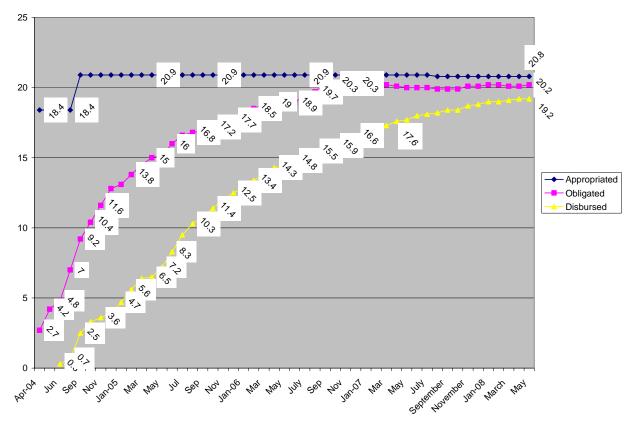
NOTE ON ELECTRICITY TABLE: The demand for electricity ranges from 8,500 to 9,000 MW nationwide. It is estimated that between 30,000-50,000 private generators are currently providing an additional 2,000-4,500 MW of power outside of the national grid⁹⁶ From May 3 thru July 31, 2007, the U.S. State Department's *Iraq Weekly Status Report* discontinued its reporting of average hours of available electricity in Baghdad and nationwide. Beginning August 1, it was once again reported once again but stipulated that the figure given was "after meeting demand for essential services". **Above data as of May 26, 2008.**

NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SINCE MAY, 2003⁹⁷

	UNEMPLOYMENT RAT
Month	Unemployment Rate Nation-wide
May 2003	N/A
June	50 - 60%
July	N/A
August	50-60%
September	N/A
October	40 - 50%
November	N/A
December	45-55%
January 2004	30 - 45%
February	30 - 45%
March	30-45%
April	30-45%
	30-45%
May June	30-45%
July	30-40%
August	30-40%
September	30-40%
October	30-40%
November	30-40%
December	28-40%
January 2005	27-40%
February	27-40%
March	27-40%
April	27-40%
May	27-40%
June	27-40%
July	27-40%
August	27-40%
September	27-40%
October	27-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
January 2006	25-40%
February	25-40%
March	25-40%
April	25-40%
May	25-40%
June	25-40%
July	25-40%
August	25-40%
September	25-40%
October	25-40%
November	25-40%
December	25-40%
	25-40%
January 2007	
February	25-40%
	25-40%
March April	25-40%

NOTE ON NATIONWIDE UNEMPLOYMENT TABLE: Estimates of Iraq's unemployment rate varies, but we estimate it to be between 25-40%. The CPA has referred to a 25% unemployment rate, the Iraqi Ministry of Planning mentioned a 30% unemployment rate, whereas the Iraqi Ministry of Social Affairs claims it to be 48%. There is an inherent difficulty in measuring the Iraqi rate of unemployment over time. Considering the increase in entrepreneurial activity after the end of the war, we have for the purposes of this database assumed that there has been an improvement in unemployment levels, and hence weighted information supporting such a conclusion heavier than contradictory data reports. N/A= Not available

AMERICAN AID APPROPRIATED, OBLIGATED AND DISBURSED TOWARDS THE IRAQ RELIEF AND RECONSTRUCTION FUND (IRRF I & II) $\frac{98}{2}$



NOTE: As of May 26, 2008. An 'appropriation' is defined as a plan, approved by the Office of Management and Budget, to spend resources provided by law. *Quarterly Update to Congress: 2207 Report*, October 2004. An 'obligation' can be defined as "a definite commitment which creates a legal liability of the Government for the payment of appropriated funds for goods and services ordered or received."

GAO/OGC-91-5: Principles of Federal Appropriations Law, Office of the General Council, July 1991. A 'disbursement' is an actual payment (check goes out the door) for goods/services received. GAO-04-902 R: Rebuilding Iraq, General Accounting Office, June 2004.

FUEL	SEPTEMBER 2005	DECEMBER 2006	JUNE 2007
LPG (12 kg)	250	1,000	3,000
Regular Gas	20	250	350
Premium Gas	50	350	MARKET
Blended Gas	N/A	350	450
Kerosene	5	75	200
Diesel	10	150	350

PRICE PER LITER (IN IRAQI DINARS) OF ASSORTED FUELS IN IRAQ AT VARIOUS TIMES⁹⁹

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: The main driver of the price increases was the sharp reduction or elimination of Saddam-era subsidies. This was strongly encouraged by the IMF in order to combat widespread smuggling and corruption. Official fuel prices are now by and large on par with those of Iraq's neighbors, reducing the profitability of the black market.

PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TO IRAQ BY COUNTRY, AS OF JULY 30, 2007¹⁰⁰

PLEDGES OF RECONSTR			
COUNTRY	PLEDGED	COMMITTED	DISBURSED *
Australia Austria	\$104,168,111	\$40,253,296	*
Belgium	<u>5,700,000</u> 11,815,789	3,803,351	2,473,396
Bulgaria	1,300,000	3,803,351	2,473,390
Canada	286,085,242	178,238,910	106,082,427
China	38,000,000	1/0,230,910	100,002,427
Croatia	333,000	*	*
Cyprus	120,000	*	*
Czech Republic	14,700,000	*	*
Denmark	103,082,297	18,042,189	3,135,259
Estonia	80,000	*	*
Finland	8,834,500	8,834,000	*
France	32,288	32,288	*
Germany	12,820,513	807,660	586,276
Greece	5,414,458	3,614,458	*
Hungary	1,667,005	*	*
Iceland	3,200,000	2,700,000	*
India	11,000,000	7,500,000	*
Iran	1,020,000,000	*	*
Ireland	3,534,300	1,234,568	*
Italy	273,753,133	35,732,540	5,266,564
Japan	5,000,000,000	1,529,643,666	1,024,431,900
Jordan	1,500,000	75,000	*
Kuwait	516,200,000	10,000,000	*
Lithuania	30,000	*	*
Luxembourg	2,563,298	2,323,298	*
Malta	270,000	*	*
Netherlands	21,929,596	15,929,596	2,482,916
New Zealand	7,178,378	3,378,378	*
Norway	24,018,692	23,186,046	8,313,911
Oman	3,000,000	*	*
Pakistan	2,500,000	*	*
Portugal	600,000	*	*
Qatar	100,000,000	5,000,000	*
Russia	8,000,000	*	*
Saudi Arabia	1,000,000,000	*	*
Singapore	1,700,000	*	*
Slovenia	420,000	*	*
South Korea	460,000,000	168,334,627	132,017,457
Spain .	270,000,000	188,406,287	62,251,729
Sri Lanka	75,500	*	= 010 (02
Sweden	58,424,464	47,450,978	5,819,693
Switzerland	11,000,000	*	*
Taiwan	4,300,000		
Turkey United Arab Emiratos	50,000,000	1,300,000	98,442
United Arab Emirates	215,000,000	AEN 042 105	
United Kingdom Vietnam	<u>1,537,037,037</u> 700,000	450,063,185	82,042,828
Subtotal	11,200,787,601	2,745,884,821	1,435,002,798
European Commission	968,757,000	669,680,000	1,435,002,798
Subtotal	12,169,544,601	3.415.564.821	1,436,789,419
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIA		3,713,307,021	1,730,707,719
IMF (low range)	2,550,000,000	714,000,000	*
World Bank (low range)	3,000,000,000	164,240,000	76,014
Islamic Development Bank	500,000,000	*	*
Subtotal	6,050,000,000	164,240,000	76,014
	3,030,000,000	107,270,000	70,014
TOTAL International	\$18,219,544,601	\$3,579,804,821	\$1,436,865,433
Donor Assistance	+,, e ,•••1		
* No data available			

NOTES ON PLEDGES OF RECONSTRUCTION AID TABLE: Totals do not include \$10 million Madrid pledge and \$10.7 billion Compact pledge from the United States. The World Bank, United Nations and CPA estimated Iraq will need \$56 billion for reconstruction and stabilization efforts from 2004 to 2007, but that estimate is probably too low.¹⁰¹

GDP ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS, 2002-2008¹⁰²

	2002	2003	2004	2005 e	2006	2007 p	2008 p
Nominal GDP (in USD billion)	20.5	13.6	25.7	34.5	48.5		
Of which non-oil GDP (%)	32.0	32.0	30.4	30.6	33.1		
Per Capita GDP (USD)	802	518	949	1,237	1,687		
Real GDP (% change)	-7.8	-41.4	46.5	3.7	5.9	6.1	7.5
Overall Fiscal Balance (in % if GDP)	*	*	-40.6	9.8	-6.1		
Consumer Price Inflation (annual %)	19.0	34.0	32.0	32.0	50.0		

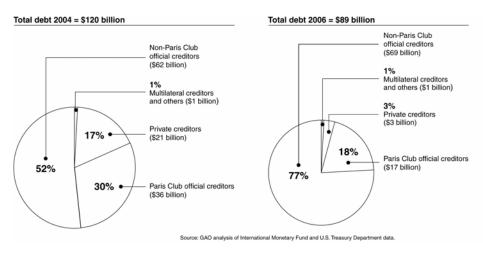
(e): IMF Estimates, (p): projections, *: Not Available

NOTE ON TABLE: 2007 and 2008 Real GDP Growth projections are provided by the authors and disagree with the figures released by the IMF and World Bank of 14.4% and 12.9% growth, respectively.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX YEAR-OVER-YEAR PERCENTAGE CHANGE, 2004-2007¹⁰³

DATE	% CHANGE
Dec-04	31.7
Dec-05	31.6
Dec-06	64.8
Mar-07	36.6
Apr-07	40.9
May-07	38.6
Jun-07	46.0

CHANGE IN IRAQ'S DEBT, 2004 to 2006¹⁰⁴



NOTE ON THIS TABLE: Summations may differ from totals due to rounding. Non-Paris Club official creditor debt is based on estimates since it has not been reconciled. The estimate of this debt for 2004 was made by the IMF, while the estimate for 2006 was provided by the U.S. Treasury Department.

ESTIMATED APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR OPERATION IRAQI FREEDOM BY FUNDING SOURCE, FY2003 TO FY2008¹⁰⁵

	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008*	TOTAL thru FY08 Appropriations	PENDING FY 2008 REQUEST	TOTAL (including Pending)
Department of Defense	50.0	56.4	83.4	98.5	129.6	74.7	492.0	79.6	571.6
Foreign Aid and Diplomatic Ops	3.0	19.5	2.0	3.2	3.2	0.9	31.7	2.5	34.2
VA Medical	0	0	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.7	2.2	0.0	2.2
TOTAL	53.0	75.9	85.5	102.0	133.6	76.4	525.9	82.3	608.3

*Includes funds provided in the First Continuing Resolution and the FY2008 Consolidated Appropriations Act.

INFLATION¹⁰⁶

Time	Inflation
2003	36%
2004	32%
2005	20%
2006	50%
2007	5%

NOTE ON INFLATION: According to the U.S. Department of Defense's quarterly report on Iraq for March 2007, fuel shortages contributed to the increase in inflation for 2006. A liter of petrol jumped from 50 dinars per liter to 400 dinars from the end of 2005 to early 2007.

TRAINED JUDGES¹⁰⁷

Time	Number of trained judges
May 2003	0
June 2004	175
May 2005	351
October	351
May 2006	<800
August	740
November	800
January 2007	870
August	1,100
November	1,200
March 2008	1,200

NOTE ON TRAINED JUDGES CHART: As of March 2008, 35 Iraqi judges have been assassinated since 2003. As of October 2005, all provincial courts are operational and there exist 99 trained judicial investigators. 135 of 869 judges were removed because of substantial evidence of corruption or Ba'ath Party affiliation.¹⁰⁸ The estimated need for is for 1,500 judges according to the US Department of Justice.¹⁰⁹

<u>TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS</u>			
Time	Telephone subscribers		
Estimated prewar level	833,000		
September	600,000		
December	600,000		
January 2004	600,000		
February	900,000		
March	984,225		
April	1,095,000		
May	1,220,000		
June	1,200,000		
July	N/A		
August	1,463,148		
September	1,579,457		
October	1,753,000		
November	2,135,000		
December	2,152,000		
January 2005	2,449,139		
February	2,569,110		
March	2,982,115		
April	3,172,771		
May	~3,450,000		
June	3,801,822		
July	~4,100,000		
August	4,590,398		
March 2006	6,836,854		
April	~7,400,000		
August	~8,100,000		
September	~8,200,000		
October	~8,200,000		
November	~8,500,000		
December	~9,800,000		
January 2007	~9,800,000		
April	~9,830,000		
April 2008	12,000,000 (cellular) 1,360,000 (landline)		
Previous goal (Jan. 2004)	1,100,000		

TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS¹¹⁰

NOTE ON TELEPHONE SUBSCRIBERS TABLE: The estimated pre-war level represents only land telephone lines, as Iraq had no nationwide cellular network. Post-war data includes landlines and cellular subscribers. Since landline subscribers have held fairly steady at 800,000-1,000,000 since July 2004, cellular subscribers make up the overwhelming majority of post-war telephone subscribers.

INTERNET SUBSCRIBERS¹¹¹

Time	Internet subscribers
1 me	
	(does not include unregulated users of Internet cafes)
Estimated prewar level	4,500
September 2003	4,900
January-April 2004	N/A
May	54,000
June	59,000
July	73,000
August	87,000
September	95,000
October	102,978
November	110,000
January 2005	124,293
March	147,076
April 2006	208,000
August	197,310
November	194,420
January 2007	230,000
April	261,000

MEDIA¹¹²

Time	Commercial TV	Commercial radio	Independent newspapers
	stations	stations	and magazines
Prewar	0	0	0
May 2003	0	0	8
June 2004	13	74	150
January 2005	10	51	100
March	N/A	N/A	200
April	24	80	170
May	23	80	170
July	29	N/A	170
September	44	72	Over 100
December	44	91	294
March 2006	54	114	268

DOCTORS IN IRAQ¹¹³

Iraqi Physicians Registered Before the 2003 Invasion	34,000
Iraqi Physicians Who Have Left Iraq Since the 2003 Invasion	20,000 (estimate)
Iraqi Physicians Murdered Since 2003 Invasion	2,000
Iraqi Physicians Kidnapped	250
Average Salary of an Iraqi Physician	7.5 million Iraqi dinars per year
	(or ~\$5,100 per year)
Annual Graduates from Iraqi Medical Schools	2,250
Percentage of Above That Will Work Outside of Iraq	20%
NOTENT	

NOTE: Numbers are estimates.

NUMBER OF REGISTERED CARS¹¹⁴

Pre-War	1.5 million
October 2005	3.1 million

EDUCATION INDICATORS¹¹⁵

Number of Children Enrolled in Primary Schools Nationwide	2002: 3.5 million
	2005: 3.7 million (5.7% increase)
Number of Children Enrolled in Middle Schools and High Schools	2002: 1.1 million
Nationwide	2005: 1.4 million (27% increase)
Percent of High School aged Iraqis Enrolled in School in 2003	33%
Percent of High School aged Iraqi BOYS enrolled in 2004	50%
Percent of High School aged Iraqi GIRLS enrolled in 2004	35%
Percent of Iraq's 3.5 million students attending class (April 2007)	30%
Number of government run schools in Iraq (not including	17,300
Kurdish region)	

NOTE ON EDUCATION INDICATORS: Education numbers do not include the Kurdish regions, which are administratively separate. Iraq's population increased to 26 million (8% increase) from 2002 to 2005. Sabrina Tavernise, "Amid Iraqi Chaos, Schools Fill After Long Decline," *New York Times*, June 26, 2006.

BAGHDAD UNIVERSITY¹¹⁶

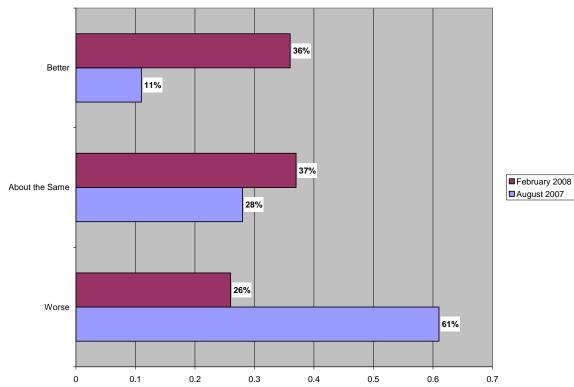
During the 2006-2007 school year, it is reported that due to security concerns only 50% of enrolled students attended classes regularly and hundreds of faculty members took unpaid leaves of absence. For the 2007-2008 school year, regular attendance has improved to approximately 80% and a significant "many teachers" have returned.

<u>POLLING/POLITICS</u>

IRAQ: WHERE THINGS STAND 2007-2008¹¹⁷ **UPDATED MARCH 2008**

Last of 4 Surveys Conducted by D3 Systems for the BBC, ABC News, ARD German TV and USA Today (2,112 Iraqi adults from throughout the country were interviewed)

QUESTION: IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS, HAS THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAO BECOME BETTER, WORSE OR ABOUT THE SAME?



QUESTION: HOW WOULD YOU SAY THINGS ARE GOING IN IRAQ OVERALL THESE DAYS? ALL Shia Sunni Kur Kund

	ALL	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
FEBRUARY 2008				
Very Good	7%	9%	2%	12%
Quite Good	36%	52%	14%	33%
Quite Bad	36%	34%	40%	32%
Very Bad	20%	5%	43%	21%
SEPTEMBER 2007				
Very Good	3%	6%	-	2%
Quite Good	19%	33%	2%	15%
Quite Bad	40%	42%	38%	36%
Very Bad	38%	20%	60%	47%
FEBRUARY 2007				
Very Good	4%	4%	1%	11%
Quite Good	31%	46%	4%	46%
Quite Bad	35%	32%	40%	30%
Very Bad	31%	18%	55%	13%

NOTE ON THIS TABLE: For Iraqi public opinion on a similar question covering May 2004-September 2006, refer to the graph at the top of p. 53.

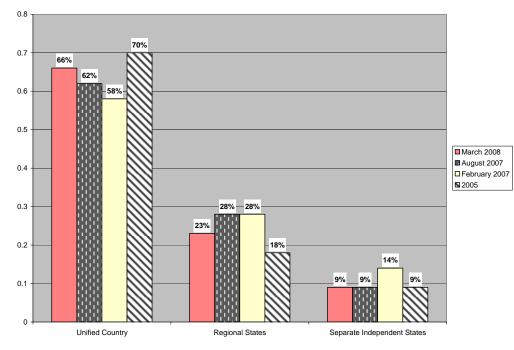
QUESTION: DO YOU SUPPORT THE PRESENEC OF COALITION FORCES IN IRAQ?

	Strongly/Somewhat Support	Strongly/Somewhat Oppose
FEBRUARY 2008	26%	73%
DETAIL:		
Shia	23%	77%
Sunni	5%	95%
SEPTEMBER 2007	21%	79%
FEBRUARY 2007	22%	78%
NOVEMBER 2005	32%	65%
FEBRUARY 2004	39%	51%

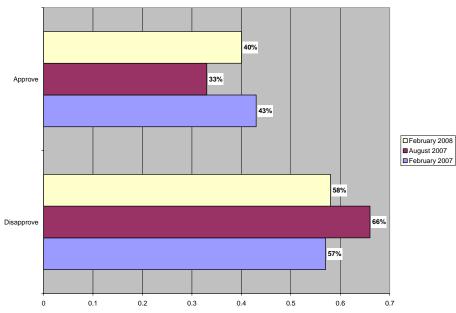
<u>QUESTION: DO YOU THINK YOUR CHILDREN WILL HAVE A BETTER LIFE THAN YOU, WORSE, OR</u> <u>ABOUT THE SAME?</u>

	Better	Worse	Same
FEBRUARY 2008	39%	28%	31%
DETAIL:			
Shia	50%	17%	32%
Sunni	12%	52%	36%
Kurd	59%	15%	25%
	220/	420/	250/
SEPTEMBER 2007	33%	42%	25%
DETAIL:			
Shia	55%	19%	26%
Sunni	7%	72%	22%
Kurd	26%	46%	27%
FEBRUARY 2007	42%	37%	21%
DETAIL:			
Shia	66%	17%	17%
Sunni	6%	71%	22%
Kurd	50%	22%	27%

<u>QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURES DO YOU THINK IRAQ SHOULD HAVE IN THE</u> <u>FUTURE?</u>



<u>QUESTION: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE OF THE WAY PRIME MINISTER NOURI AL-MALIKI IS</u> <u>HANDLING HIS JOB?</u>



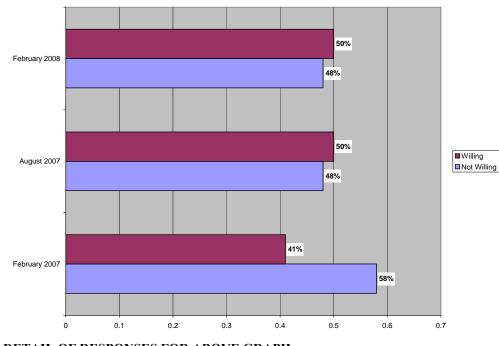
DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

	FEBRUARY 2007				
	Shia Sunni Kurd				
APPROVE	67%	3%	60%		
DISAPPROVE	33%	96%	40%		

SEPT	SEPTEMBER 2007			
Shia	Sunni	Kurd		
54%	2%	33%		
45%	98%	65%		

FEB	FEBRUARY 2008				
Shia	Sunni	Kurd			
52%	8%	68%			
47%	92%	30%			

<u>QUESTION: DO YOU THINK THE MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL ASSMEBLY ARE WILLING OR NOT</u> <u>WILLING TO MAKE NECESSARY COMPROMISES TO BRING PEACE AND SECURITY TO THE COUNTRY?</u>



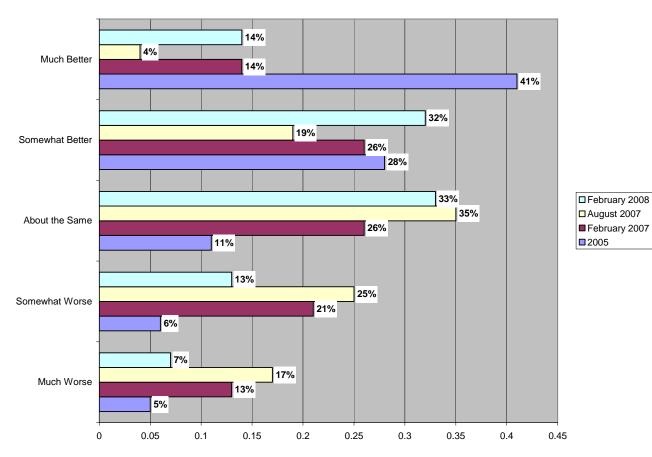
FEBRUARY 2008				
Shia	Sunni	Kurd		
56%	30%	73%		
42%	69%	25%		

DETAIL	OF	RESP	ONSES	FOR	ABOV	E GRA	APH
			DDI	DDII	DILAO	~=	

	FEBRUARY 2007		
	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
WILLING	57%	9%	61%
NOT WILLING	42%	90%	36%

SEPTEMBER 2007			
Shia	Sunni	Kurd	
66%	24%	55%	
32%	76%	39%	

QUESTION: WHAT IS YOUR EXPECTATION FOR HOW THINGS WILL BE FOR IRAQ A YEAR FROM NOW?



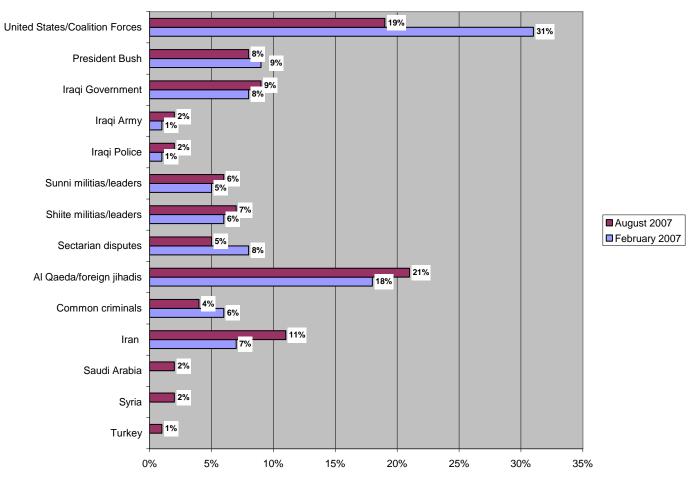
DETAIL OF RESPONSES FOR ABOVE GRAPH

	FEBRUARY 2007		SEP	FEMBER	2007	
	Shia	Sunni	Kurd	Shia	Sunni	Kurd
MUCH BETTER	23%	1%	14%	7%	-	1%
SOMEWHAT BETTER	38%	4%	39%	32%	3%	18%
ABOUT THE SAME	22%	27%	33%	43%	27%	27%
SOMEWHAT WORSE	13%	37%	10%	14%	35%	33%
MUCH WORSE	3%	30%	3%	4%	35%	20%

FEF	FEBRUARY 2008			
Shia	Sunni	Kurd		
19%	4%	16%		
39%	13%	45%		
36%	32%	22%		
4%	30%	9%		
1%	19%	5%		

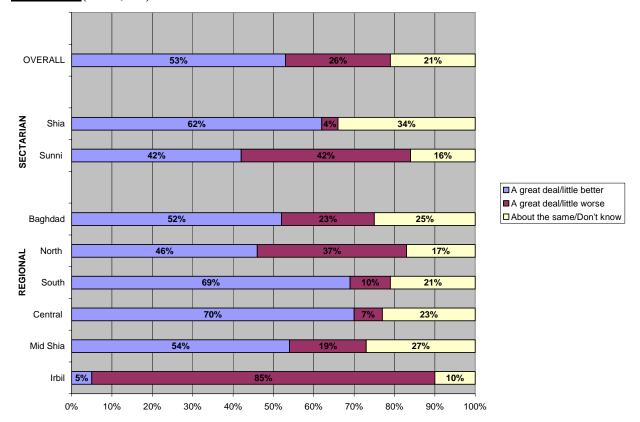
NOTE ON THIS TABLE: No detail available for 2005 survey.

<u>QUESTION: WHO DO YOU BLAME THE MOST FOR THE VIOLENCE THAT IS OCCURRING IN THE</u> <u>COUNTRY?</u>

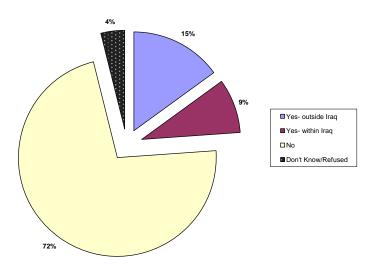


PUBLIC ATTITUDES IN IRAQ: FOUR YEAR ANNIVERSARY OF INVASION¹¹⁸ Conducted by Opinion Research Business MARCH 2007

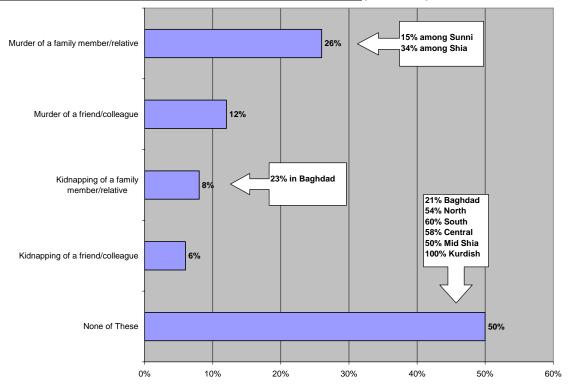
QUESTION: DO YOU BELIEVE THE SECURITY SITUATION IN IRAQ WILL GET BETTER OR WORSE IN THE IMMEDIATE WEEKS FOLLOWING A WITHDRAWAL OF MULTI-NATIONAL FORCES? (N = 5,019)



QUESTION: DO YOU HAVE MEMBERS OF YOUR FAMILY THAT HAVE MOVED AWAY FROM THEIR HOME OVER THE PREVIOUS FOUR YEARS AS A RESULT OF THE SECURITY SITUATION? (N = 5,019)

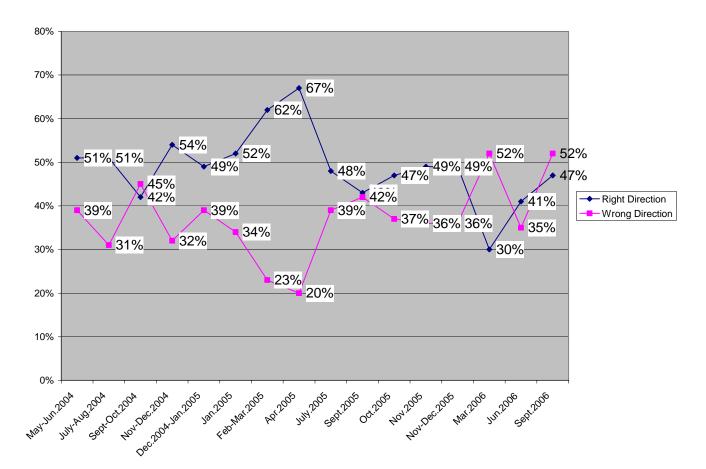


QUESTION: WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING HAVE YOU PERSONALLY EXPERIENCED OR WITNESSED OVER THE PREVIOUS THREE YEARS? (N = 5,019)



SEPTEMBER 27, 2006: WORLD PUBLIC OPINION.ORG PROGRAM ON INTERNATIONAL POLICY ATTITUDES (PIPA) THE IRAQI PUBLIC ON THE US PRESENCE AND THE FUTURE OF IRAQ¹¹⁹

TRENDS FOR QUESTION: DO YOU THINK IRAQ TODAY IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE RIGHT OR WRONG DIRECTION? (MAY 2004 – SEPTEMBER 2006)



APPROVAL OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES

	January 2006	September 2006
Overall	47%	61%
Shia	41%	62%
Sunni	88%	92%
Kurd	16%	15%

<u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: PLEASE TELL ME HOW MUCH CONFIDENCE YOU HAVE IN THOSE FORCES TO</u> PROTECT YOUR SECURITY

Force	Some / A Lot of Confidence	None / Little Confidence
Police	71%	30%
Iraqi Army	64%	37%
Iraqi Interior Ministry	62%	38%

<u>QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW LIKELY DO YOU THINK IT IS THAT 5 YEARS FROM NOW IRAQ WILL STILL</u> BE A SINGLE STATE?

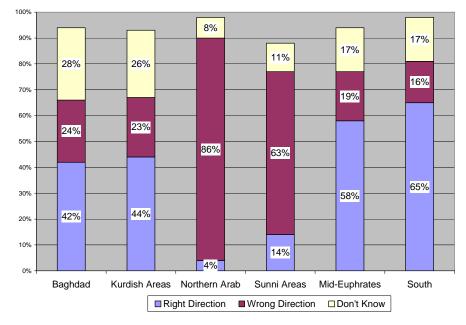
Very / Somewhat Likely	
Overall	72%
Shia	80%
Sunni	56%
Kurd	65%
Not Very / Not At All Likely	
Overall	28%
Shia	19%
Sunni	45%
Kurd	25%

QUESTION TO IRAQIS: WOULD YOU PREFER TO HAVE A STRONG GOVERNMENT THAT WOULD GET RID OF ALL MILITIAS OR DO YOU THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER TO CONTINUE TO HAVE MILITIAS TO

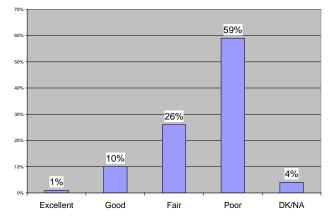
77%
65%
100%
82%
21%
33%
*
15%

JUNE 14-24, 2006: INTERNATIONAL REPUBLICAN INSTITUTE¹²⁰

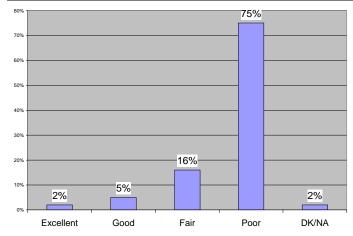
<u>REGIONAL BREAKDOWN FOR QUESTION: DO YOU FEEL THAT IRAQ IS GENERALLY HEADING IN THE</u> <u>RIGHT DIRECTION OR THE WRONG DIRECTION?</u>



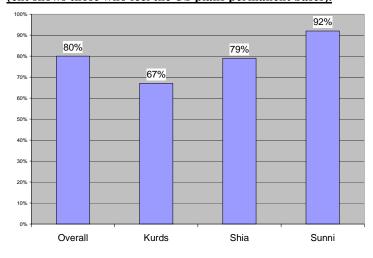
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?



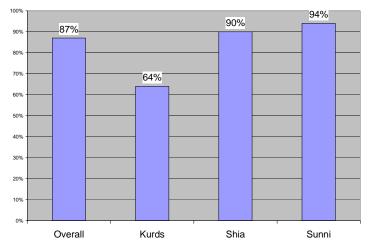
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: HOW WOULD YOU RATE SECURITY CONDITIONS IN IRAQ TODAY?



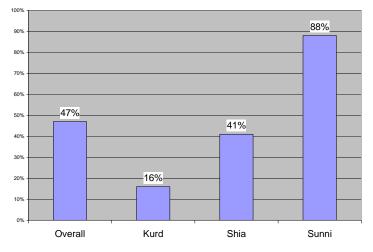
QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU THINK THE US GOVERNMENT PLANS TO HAVE PERMANENT MILITARY BASES IN IRAQ OR TO REMOVE ALL ITS MILITARY ONCE IRAQ IS STABILIZED? (cht shows those who feel the US plans permanent bases).



<u>OUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSING A TIMELINE FOR US</u> WITHDRAWAL? (chart shows those answering yes).



QUESTION TO IRAQIS: DO YOU APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE (STRONGLY OR SOMEWHAT) OF ATTACKS ON US-LED FORCES IN IRAQ? (chart shows those who approve).



 2 Information for May 2003-December 2005 is based upon data from Iraq Body Count. The data for war-related fatalities was calculated at 1.75 times our IBC-based numbers, reflecting the fact that estimates for civilian casualties from the Iraqi Ministry of the Interior were 75 percent higher than those of our Iraq Body Count-based estimate over the aggregate May 2003 – December 2005 period. During this time, we separately studied the crime rate in Iraq, and on that basis estimated 23,000 murders throughout the country. In order to add these back in to our estimate, we used estimated monthly murder rates for Baghdad as a guide in proportionally allocating these 23,000 additional fatalities.

³ UNAMI Human Rights reports accessed at: <u>http://www.uniraq.org/aboutus/HR.asp</u>

⁴ U.S. State Department Weekly Status Report for September 12, 2007, accessed at: <u>http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/92176.pdf</u> Additional briefing slides from November 1, 2007, press briefing accessed at: <u>http://www.defenselink.mil/dodcmsshare/briefingslide/317/071101-D-6570C-001.pdf</u>
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*The data for November for the average hours of electricity per day is updated in our source, representing the entire month. The numbers for average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours represents data through the 21st of November only. The data for December 2005 and thereafter for the average amount of electricity generated and average MW hours is estimated based on the graph relating to electricity in the Iraq Weekly Status Report, Department of State.

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06% 20Iraq% 20poll% 20presentation.ppt July 27, 2006. 2,849 interviews were conducted in person from June 14 – 24, 2006, among a random national sample of 3,120 Iraqis. Margin of error is +/- 3 percentage points and response rate is 91%. This poll was conducted by an Iraqi polling firm conducting interviews in all 18 governates.

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ethnic/religious communities. The sample design was a multi-stage area probability sample conducted in all 18 Iraqi provinces including Baghdad. Urban and rural areas were proportionally represented. A 94% contact rate and 74% completion rate were achieved.